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Committee: Licensing Sub Committee

Date: Tuesday 17 March 2020

Time: 10.00 am

Venue Bodicote House, Bodicote, Banbury, OX15 4AA

Membership

Councillor Colin Clarke Councillor Douglas Webb Councillor Surinder Dhesi

AGENDA

- 1. Appointment of Chairman of the Sub-Committee
- 2. Declarations of Interest

Members are asked to declare any interest and the nature of that interest that they may have in any of the items under consideration at this meeting.

Note: Any Member with a disclosable pecuniary interest will not be able to participate in the hearing, and should therefore notify the Director: Law and Governance in advance so that arrangements may be made for an alternate Member to attend.

3. **Premises Licence Review Hearing** (Pages 1 - 134)

Report of Environmental Health & Licensing Manager

Purpose of report

To consider an application for a review of a Licensing Act 2003 premises Licence for Jaflong Restaurant, Bicester.

Recommendations

1.1 There is no recommendation, but in considering the representations received and what is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives, the steps the Sub-Committee can take are outlined in paragraph 6.2.

Councillors are requested to collect any post from their pigeon hole in the Members Room at the end of the meeting.

Information about this Agenda

Apologies for Absence

Apologies for absence should be notified to democracy@cherwellandsouthnorthants.gov.uk or 01295 227956 prior to the start of the meeting.

Declarations of Interest

Members are asked to declare interests at item 2 on the agenda or if arriving after the start of the meeting, at the start of the relevant agenda item.

Local Government and Finance Act 1992 – Budget Setting, Contracts & Supplementary Estimates

Members are reminded that any member who is two months in arrears with Council Tax must declare the fact and may speak but not vote on any decision which involves budget setting, extending or agreeing contracts or incurring expenditure not provided for in the agreed budget for a given year and could affect calculations on the level of Council Tax.

Evacuation Procedure

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Access to Meetings

If you have any special requirements (such as a large print version of these papers or special access facilities) please contact the officer named below, giving as much notice as possible before the meeting.

Mobile Phones

Please ensure that any device is switched to silent operation or switched off.

Queries Regarding this Agenda

Please contact Aaron Hetherington, Democratic and Elections democracy@cherwellandsouthnorthants.gov.uk, 01295 227956

Yvonne Rees Chief Executive

Published on Monday 9 March 2020

Cherwell District Council

Licensing Sub-Committee

Tuesday 17 March 2020

Premises Licence Review Hearing

Report of Environmental Health & Licensing Manager

This report is public

Purpose of report

To consider an application for a review of a Licensing Act 2003 premises Licence for Jaflong Restaurant, Bicester.

1.0 Recommendations

1.1 There is no recommendation, but in considering the representations received and what is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives, the steps the Sub-Committee can take are outlined in paragraph 6.2.

2.0 Introduction

2.1 To consider an application for a review of the premises licence for Jaflong Restaurant, Bicester submitted by the Home Office.

3.0 Report Details

- 3.1 Jaflong Restaurant is situated in the market square in Bicester town centre.
- 3.2 An application for a Licensing Act 2003 review of the premises licence was submitted to Cherwell District Council on 5 February 2020 (Appendix 1). The application was made on the grounds that the licence holder has failed to meet the licensing objectives of prevention of crime and disorder, as illegal working has been identified at the premises.
- 3.3 On 19 February 2020 the Licensing Authority submitted a representation regarding concerns of non-compliance with the licensing objectives. (Appendix 2).

4.0 Conclusion and Reasons for Recommendations

4.1 There is no recommendation.

5.0 Consultation

- When an application for a review of a premises licence is submitted the applicant must display a blue notice at or near the relevant premises. The consultation period runs for 28 days from the day after the application is received. This gives interested parties and responsible authorities the opportunity to make representations in relation to the application.
- 5.2 The responses from responsible authorities were as follows:
 - Police No comments
 - Fire Service No response
 - Child Protection No response
 - Trading Standards No response
 - Health & Safety Executive No response
 - Environmental Protection No comments
 - Health Protection Satisfactory
 - Planning No comments
 - Licensing Authority Objection
- 5.4 The applicant and all interested parties submitting representations have been invited to attend this hearing.

6.0 Alternative Options and Reasons for Rejection

- 6.1 At the end of the consultation period the licensing authority must hold a hearing if relevant representations are received. It must take such steps as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives, which are:
 - the prevention of crime and disorder
 - public safety
 - the prevention of public nuisance
 - the protection of children from harm
- 6.2 The steps the Sub-Committee can take are to:
 - issue the licence as applied for;
 - issue the licence with amended hours or licensable activities
 - reject the application if it is considered necessary in order to promote the licensing objectives

7.0 Implications

Financial and Resource Implications

7.1 There are no financial implications arising directly from this report.

Comments checked by Kelly Wheeler, Principal Accountant, 01295 225170, kelly.wheeler@cherwell-dc.gov.uk

7.2 Legal Implications

The decision must comply with the Licensing Act 2003, the statutory guidance issued pursuant to section 182 of the Licensing Act and the council's Statement of Licensing Policy.

The applicant or 'other persons' who have submitted 'relevant representations' may appeal to the magistrates' court a decision of the Sub-Committee.

Comments checked by Nick Graham Solicitor, 0300 003 0106, nick.graham@cherwell-dc.gov.uk

8.0 Decision Information

Wards Affected

Bicester East

Links to Corporate Plan and Policy Framework

Not applicable

Lead Councillor

Councillor Andrew McHugh

Document Information

Appendix No	Title
Appendix 1	Premises Licence Review Application & Supporting Documents
Appendix 2	Licensing Authority Representation
Background Paper	S
None	
Report Author	Michael Sands, Licensing Enforcement Officer
Contact	01295 753744
Information	licensing@cherwell-dc.gov.uk



Licensing Authority: Cherwell District Council Address: licensing@cherwell-dc.gov.uk

Our Reference: AR22

Application for the review of a premises licence or club premises certificate under the Licensing Act 2003

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary. You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

1 Home Office (Immigration Enforcement)		
apply for the review of a premises licence under section 51 / apply for the review of a club premises certificate under section 87 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in Part 1 below		
Part 1 – Premises or club premises details		
Postal address of premises or, if none, ordnance s Jaflong 51, Market Square Bicester OX26 6AJ	urvey map reference or description	
Post town	Post code (if known)	
Bicester	OX26 6AJ	
Name of premises licence holder or club holding Jaflong Mr Shakur Ali - Since 2005.	g club premises certificate (if known)	
Number of premises licence or club premises certificate (if known)		
Part 2 - Applicant details		
I am	Please tick ✓ yes	
1) an individual, body or business which is not a authority (please read guidance note 1, and complor (B) below)		
2) a responsible authority (please complete (C) be	elow)	

3) a member of the club (please complete (A) bel	to which this application iow)	relates	
(A) DETAILS OF IND	IVIDUAL APPLICANT	(fill in as applic	eable)
Please tick ✓ yes			
Mr Mrs] Miss	s 🗌	Other title (for example, Rev)
Surname		First names	
I am 18 years old or ove	er		Please tick ✓ yes
Current postal address if different from premises address			
Post town		Post Code	
Daytime contact teleph	one number		
E-mail address (optional)			
(B) DETAILS OF OTI	HER APPLICANT		
Name and address			
Telephone number (if an	y)		
E-mail address (optional)		

(C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY APPLICANT

Home Office	
Immigration Enforcement	
Alcohol Licensing Team	
Lunar House	
40 Wellesley Road	
Croydon	
CR9 2BY	
Telephone number (if any)	
receptione number (if any)	
E mail address (antional)	
E-mail address (optional) IE.Alcoholreviews@homeoffice.gov.uk	
TE.Alcohoffeviews@noffice.gov.uk	
This application to review relates to the following licer	nsing objective(s)
1) 4	Please tick one or more boxes ✓
1) the prevention of crime and disorder	
2) public safety	\vdash
3) the prevention of public nuisance 4) the protection of children from harm	\vdash
4) the protection of children from narm	I I

Please state the ground(s) for review (please read guidance note 2)
We have grounds that the license holder has failed to meet the licensing objectives of prevention of crime and disorder, as illegal working has been identified at these premises.
Section 36 and Schedule 4 of the Immigration Act 2016 (the 2016 Act) amended the Licensing Act 2003 (the 2003 Act) to introduce immigration safeguards in respect of licensing applications made in England and Wales on or after 6 April 2017. The intention is to prevent illegal working in premises licensed for the sale of alcohol or late-night refreshment.

Please provide as much information as possible to support the application (please read
guidance note 3)
ENTRY: S179 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003. Address: JAFLONG 521 MARKET SQUARE, BICESTER, OX26 6AJ. On 11/10/2019 at 18:35 hours Officers from the Home Office and Licensing Officer visited the above address as information received that there were immigration offenders present. As officers were getting out of the vans at the rear of the premises a waiter appeared and saw officers and then disappeared into the premises and another male ran from the premises who was caught by officers.
Immigration Enforcement officers gained entry by speaking to the person in charge (the son of the owner). She introduced herself, showed her warrant ID card and explained the reason for the visit. There were 7 members of staff on site, 5 were suspected of working illegally and two of the encountered males were arrested for immigration offences.
The premises was in bad condition and there were 8 bed spaces found upstairs over the 1st and 2nd floors. The Fire Doors had had the handles removed and there were no obvious working smoke alarms. In the cellar the walls had been knocked through and it appeared they had also gone through the neighboring property walls also. There was food stored on the floor in the cellar around the rubble. Also the back door in the kitchen area opened out into a small courtyard which was filled with pigeons, mess and feathers, no protection to stop them entering into the kitchen area and definitely a health risk. The carpets need replacing as offices boots had stuck to them.
The Fire Service was called to attend to ensure the premises was safe to remain open. At the time of this report I am awaiting the Fire Service update.
Full details and review pack will be sent shortly.

Have you made an application for review relating to the premises before	Please tick ✓ yes
If yes please state the date of that application	Day Month Year
If you have made representations before relating to the pr and when you made them	remises please state what they were

	Pleas	se tick ✓
yes		
 I have sent copies of this form and encloand the premises licence holder or club has appropriate 		
 I understand that if I do not comply with application will be rejected 	the above requirements my	
IT IS AN OFFENCE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION. THOSE WHO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT MAY BE LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT.		
Part 3 – Signatures (please read guidance note	4)	
Signature of applicant or applicant's solicitor or other duly authorised agent (please read guidance note 5). If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.		
Signature Home Office Immigration Enforcem		
Date 04/03/2020		
CapacityResponsible Authority		
Contact name (where not previously given) and postal address for correspondence associated with this application (please read guidance note 6) Alcohol Licensing Team Lunar House 40 Wellesley Road		
Post town	Post Code	
Croydon	CR9 2BY	

Notes for Guidance

Telephone number (if any)

1. A responsible authority includes the local police, fire and rescue authority and other statutory bodies which exercise specific functions in the local area.

If you would prefer us to correspond with you using an e-mail address your e-mail address

- 2. The ground(s) for review must be based on one of the licensing objectives.
- 3. Please list any additional information or details for example dates of problems which are included in the grounds for review if available.
- 4. The application form must be signed.

(optional) IE.Alcoholreviews@homeoffice.gov.uk

- 5. An applicant's agent (for example solicitor) may sign the form on their behalf provided that they have actual authority to do so.
- 6. This is the address which we shall use to correspond with you about this application.





Premises Licence Review

Mr Shakur Ali
Jaflong Restaurant
51 Market Square
Bicester
OX26 6AJ

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Outline of the Circumstances leading to the Review Application

Summary

- 1.1 Intelligence was received stating that illegal workers had been employed at Jaflong, 521 Market Square, Bicester OX26 6AJ. Further to the allegation, it was also claimed that the owner was earning more profit than he was declaring for tax purposes.
- 1.2 On 11 October 2019 at approximately 18:35hrs, an Immigration Enforcement operation was carried out with a colleague from Cherwell District Council Licensing Authority under Section 179 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 1.3 At the time of the visit, four people were found to be working illegally at the premises; three individuals were arrested for being in the UK with no valid leave.
- 1.4 At the time of the operation the premises were operating under a premises licence issued to Mr Shakur Ali. This has been the case since 2005.
- 1.5 The premises and its management were already known to the immigration authorities because of previous intelligence received stating that ALI was employing illegal workers.
- 1.6 A visit was conducted in November 2011 where four immigration offenders were discovered who had no right to remain in the UK or work here and were arrested.
- 1.7 On 19 September 2013 an intelligence led operation to the premises was conducted following further intelligence that an individual, was working illegally at the premises. Although was not encountered at the premises in 2013, he was encountered at the premises in 2019 and subsequently arrested for not having a right to live or work in the UK.
- 1.8 Furthermore, during the most recent visit, one of the illegal workers encountered at the premises admitted to Immigration Officers that ALI was aware that he was in the UK illegally. ALI has shown total disregard for Immigration law and lack of employment judgement on how to conduct the correct right to work checks.
- During the visit, Immigration Officers noticed that the premises was in very bad condition; there were 8 bed spaces found upstairs over the 1st and 2nd floors. The Fire Doors had had the handles removed and there were

- no obvious working smoke alarms. The Fire Service was called to attend to ensure the premises was safe to remain open.
- 1.10 ICE officers noticed that the cellar walls had been knocked through and it appeared they had also gone through the neighbouring property walls also. There was food stored on the floor in the cellar around the rubble.
- 1.11 In addition to this, the back door in the kitchen area opened out into a small courtyard which was filled with pigeons, mess and feathers with no protection to stop them entering the kitchen area. The carpets also required replacing as officers' boots had stuck to them.
- 1.12 Mr ALI has been issued with a £20,000 Civil Penalty fine which currently remains outstanding to date.
- 1.13 Succeeding parts of this application explore relevant legislation and the statutory guidance and Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) ask the sub-committee to revoke the premises licence as a deterrent to others and the management/owner of this premises in particular.
- 1.14 Copies of all the witness statements or pocket notebook (PNB) entries made by relevant immigration officers are appended; should the subcommittee wish to read these.
- 1.15 Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) ask the subcommittee to consider the flagrant disregard for the legalities of employing responsibly, the failure to head prior warnings and advice and ask that the subcommittee revoke the premises licence as a deterrent to others and the management/owner of this premises in particular.

Occurrence

- 1.16 At approximately 18:35 hours on 11 October 2019 an immigration enforcement operation took place at Jaflong Restaurant situated at 521 Market Square, Bicester OX26 6AJ.
- 1.17 At the time of the operation the premises were operating under a premises licence issued to Mr Shakur ALI. This had been the case since 2005.
- 1.18 The operation was conducted by Immigration Compliance & Enforcement (ICE) officers and was accompanied by Licensing Officer

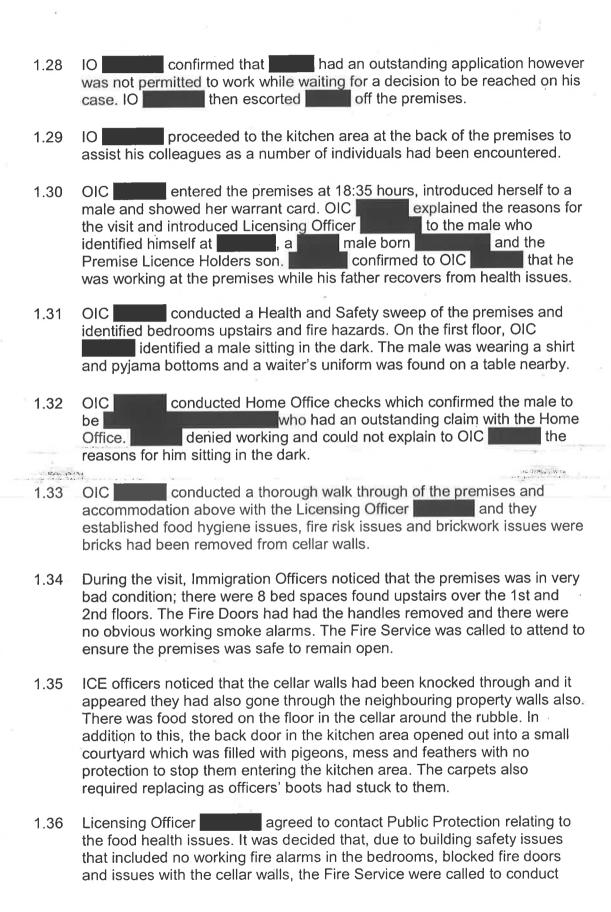
 The team was led by Officer in Charge (OIC) Immigration
 Officer (IO) in company with IOs and and .
- 1.19 An anonymous allegation had been received stating that Jaflong was employing illegal workers and had done for a number of years. Further to

that, it was also claimed that the owner was earning more profit than he was declaring for tax purposes.

- The operation was undertaken under Section 179 of the Licensing Act 1.20 2003 as amended by the Immigration Act 2016.
- Officers identified four males in total who were of interest to the Home 1.21 Office, two were detained and three were instructed that they had no permission to work and were escorted off the premises.
- The premises and its management were already well known to the 1.22

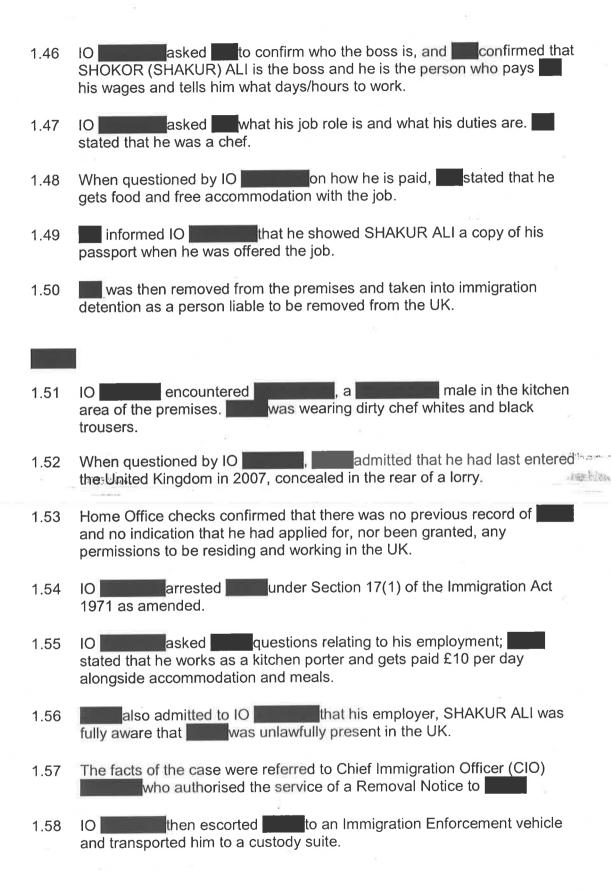
	immigration authorities because of previous visits where illegal workers were discovered:
•	02/11/2011 – Four immigration offender discovered. 19/09/2013 – Intelligence received that one named individual was working at the premises, No immigration offenders discovered during the visit at the time however was discovered by ICE officers during the visit on 11/10/2019 and was subsequently arrested.
1.23	Anticipating that immigration offenders may attempt to escape detention, the uniformed ICE officers deployed to enter the main entrance of the restaurant building. When OIC attempted to park at the rear to remain covert, she identified a male who walked out of the kitchen area and saw officers preparing to conduct the visit. This male quickly turned, went back in to the premises and moments later ran back out and down the road.
1.24	observed the man run out of the building and IO pursued on foot as he considered this to be an adverse reaction to the presence of Immigration Enforcement. IO apprehended the male and effected an arrest under Section 17(1) of the Immigration Act 1971, as amended. IO believed him to be a person who may be subject to further immigration control, based on his reaction. IO escorted the male back to the premises to speak with him further.
1.25	Home Office checks confirmed the male to be national born on was wearing a pale blue shirt with no tie, black trousers and black shoes.
1.26	had an application under consideration with the Home Office but did not have any permission to work. When IO questioned further, stated that he was not working at the premises and was only there for one night to help out his friend.
1.27	took IO upstairs to the living accommodation to show IO a Home Office letter which confirmed that did have an

outstanding application.



on the evening of 11/10/2019 after ICE officers had left. The ICE officers subsequently identified that three persons had been 1.37 encountered working at the premises with no right to remain in the UK or work here, these were: who is an immigration overstayer with , a national of no right to work in the UK. who entered the UK illegally and has , a national of no right to remain in the UK or work here. who is an immigration , a national of overstayer with no right to work in the UK. All three immigration offenders were arrested and detained as a result of 1.38 the immigration enforcement visit to Jaflong Restaurant. The situation regarding each of the illegal workers is described below. took up the rear cover to the restaurant with another 1.39 Immigration Officer and entered the premises under Section 179 of the Licensing Act 2003. identified a male in the kitchen area and with the assistance 1.40 of a Home Office approved interpreter, confirmed that the individual's name national born . a Home Office checks confirmed that had overstayed his period of leave 1.41 in the UK after his visit visa expired on 07/02/2013. arrested under Schedule 2, Section 17(1) of the 1.42 Immigration Act 1971 (as amended) as a person liable to be detained. It was confirmed that had no right to work in the UK, so IO 1.43 decided to conduct an illegal working interview with asked how long he has been working at Jaflong and 1.44 replied that he had been working at the premises for six months. confirmed that he works six days per week and gets Monday's off. IO asked how many hours he works per day and stated that he works 9 hours per day. asked if he gets paid and how much is he paid. 1.45 that he gets paid cash in hand every Sunday and earns £120 per week.

further enquiries. It was agreed by the Fire Service that they would attend



1.59	Home Office checks confirm the person to be an attempting to run out of the kitchen, a national born on with no right to work in the UK.
1.60	IO conducted an illegal working interview with
1.61	how long he had been working at Jaflong and replied that he had been working at the premises for 12 weeks.
1.62	stated to IO that he works at Jaflong five days per week, working 6 hours per shift and works the same hours every week.
1.63	is a Chef and cooks all of the food. also confirmed with IO that SHAKUR ALI gave him the job and tells him what days/hours to work.
1.64	then asked to confirm how he is paid. confirmed that he is paid £25 per shift in cash and SHAKUR ALI pays his wages.
1.65	When IO asked asked if he pays income tax or if has a National Insurance number, replied that he did not and that he did not show any documents before being offered the job as SHAKUR ALI knows that is illegal

Reasons for Review

- 2.1 Whether by negligence or wilful blindness illegal workers were engaged in activity on the premises on three separate occasions, yet it is a simple process for an employer to ascertain what documents they should check before a person can work. It is an offence to work when a person is disqualified to do so, and such an offence can only be committed with the co-operation of a premises licence holder or its agents. It is also an offence to employ an illegal worker where there is reason to believe this is the case.
- 2.2 The case of East Lindsey District Council v Hanif (see8.11) determined that in such circumstances, even without a prosecution, the crime prevention objective is engaged. The statutory Guidance issued under the Licensing Act provides that certain criminal activity employing illegal workers should be treated particularly seriously and it is envisaged that the police will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime.

2.3 Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) submits that for commercial reasons those engaged in the management of the premises employed illegal workers and a warning or other activity falling short of are view is in appropriate; therefore, Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) has proceeded straight to review.

Outcome Sought

- 3.1 Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) asks that the premises licence is revoked. Merely remedying the existing situation (for instance by the imposition of additional conditions or a suspension) is insufficient to act as a deterrent to the licence holder and other premises' licence holders from engaging in criminal activity by employing illegal workers and facilitating disgualified immigrants to work illegally.
- This submission and appended documents provide the licensing subcommittee with background arguments and information pertinent to that contention. These provide the sub-committee with a sound and defensible rationale as to why it should revoke the licence.
- 3.3 It is in such circumstances as this review application that a respondent may suggest that conditions are imposed which would prevent a reoccurrence of the employment of illegal workers in the future; an argument that the subcommittee should take remedial and not punitive action.

estorarato.

- 3.4 However, since 2006 (with the introduction of the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006) employers have had a duty to conduct checks to ensure employees and potential employees are not disqualified from working. Only by completing the required checks and maintaining records of such checks can an employer demonstrate a 'statutory excuse' and evade liability for a civil penalty issued by Home Office (Immigration Enforcement). In order to protect themselves, reputable employers have been conducting these checks since 1996 when it first became a criminal offence to employ illegal workers.
- 3.5 The 2006 Act already imposes duties and responsibilities on a company or individual seeking to employ a person—whether in the licensed trade or otherwise to conduct right to work checks
- In seeking revocation, Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) has considered and rejected conditions as an alternative, in part because this is specifically addressed paragraph 1.16 of the Guidance, viz: "(...) Licence conditions should not duplicate other statutory requirements or other duties or responsibilities placed on the employer (my emphasis) by other legislation".

- 3.7 Conditions requiring an employer (or its agent) to undertake checks that are already mandated and where advice is readily available and clearly set out for employers, keep copies of documentation and to restrict employment until these checks are made etc. replicate the requirements of the 2006 Act and should be discounted.
- 3.8 Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) contends that a licence holder who has himself or through his agents negligently or deliberately failed to conduct right to work checks which have been a requirement since 2006 should not be afforded an opportunity to do so until caught and then merely be asked to do what they should have been doing already. Deterrence and not mere remedy is appropriate and is supported by case law (as set out within section 8 of this submission).
- Respondents who fail to convince a subcommittee that the imposition of conditions to undertake proper right to work checks is a suitable alternative to a deterrent outcome often point to the option of suspension of a licence; pointing out that this may be a suitable punitive response instead which will deter others.
- 3.10 Often this will include claims that the business has 'learnt its lesson' and that since its criminal activity has been discovered it has reconsidered its position, brought in new procedures, 'parachuted in' consultants and new managers etc. On occasion it is hinted that the respondent will 'accept' a suspension as an alternative to revocation, assuaging an authority's concern that an appeal may otherwise be launched. This is not a deterrent a suspension merely warns other potential perpetrators that they may trade illegally until caught and then suffer only a brief hiatus in carrying out licensable activity before continuing with it. The risk of being caught is low so the consequence of being caught must be stiff in order to qualify as deterrence.
- 3.11 Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) would counter such claims and point to the continuing changes made to both immigration law and the Guidance (paragraphs 11 .26 11 .28) which point to a requirement to send a clear message to potential illegal immigrants that UK authorities will do all they can to prevent them finding illegal employment and a similar message to employers that those employing illegal workers will face severe disruption and penalties, There are simple processes (set out in section 5 of this submission) to avoid the hire of illegal workers and the legislative thrust is in avoiding the occurrence in the first place—not remedying the situation once discovered.
- If it were not for criminally minded or complicit employers; illegal workers would not be able to obtain a settled lifestyle and deprive legitimate workers of employment. The use of illegal labour provides an unfair competitive edge and deprives the UK economy of tax revenue. Illegal workers are often paid below the minimum wage (itself an offence) and

National Insurance payments are not paid. The main draw for illegal immigration is work and low-skilled migrants are increasingly vulnerable to exploitation by criminal enterprises; finding themselves in appalling accommodation and toiling in poor working conditions for long hours for little remuneration.

3.13 A firm response to this criminal behaviour is required to ensure that the licence holder and/or its agents are not allowed to repeat the exercise and in particular, in the interests of the wider community to support responsible businesses and the jobs of both UK citizens and lawful migrants. It is also required to act as a deterrent to others who would otherwise seek to seek an unfair competitive advantage, exploit workers and deny work to the local community, evade the payment of income tax and(unlawfully) inflate their profits to the expense of others.

Immigration Offences

- 3.14 Illegal workers are those subject to immigration control who either do not have leave to enter or remain in the UK, or who are in breach of a condition preventing them taking up the work in question. It is an employer's responsibility to be aware of their obligations and ensure they understand the immigration landscape to avoid the risk of prosecution, the imposition of a civil penalty or their vocation/suspension of their premises licence.
- 3.15 Since 1996 it has been unlawful to employ a person who is disqualified from employment because of their immigration status. A statutory excuse exists where the employer can demonstrate they correctly carried out document checks, i.e. that they were duped by fake or forged documents.
- 3.16 The Immigration Act 2016 came into force in July 2016 and its explanatory notes state that "these offences were broadened to capture, in particular, employers who deliberately did not undertake right to work checks in order that they could not have the specific intent required to 'knowingly' employ an illegal worker".
- 3.17 Since 2016 an employer may be prosecuted not only if they knew their employee was disqualified from working but also if they had reasonable cause to believe that an employee did not have the right to work: what might be described as wilful ignorance where either no documents are requested, or none are presented despite a request. This means an offence is committed when an employer 'ought to have known' the person did not have the right to work.
- 3.18 Since 2016 it has also been an offence to work when disqualified from doing so. It is obvious that without a negligent or wilfully ignorant

- employer, an illegal worker cannot work. Such an employer facilitates a criminal offence and Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) highlights this as relevant irrespective of whether a civil penalty is imposed, or a prosecution launched for employing an illegal worker.
- 3.19 In this context, under section 3(1)(C)(i) Immigration Act 1971 (as amended by the 2016 Act) restrictions are not limited simply to employment (i.e. paid work) but now includes all work.
- Thus, an individual with no right to work in the UK commits offences if they undertake paid or unpaid work, paid or unpaid work placements undertaken as part of a course etc. are self-employed or engage in business or professional activity. For instance, undertaking an unpaid work trial or working in exchange for a nonmonetary reward (such as board and lodging) is working illegally and is a criminal offence committed by the worker and facilitated by the 'employer'.

Steps to Avoid the Employment of an Illegal Worker

- 3.21 It is a straightforward process for any employer, no matter how small, to prevent themselves employing an illegal worker. If an employer has failed to take even the most basic steps then Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) contends they have chosen to remain ignorant of the immigration status of their workforce and no amount of potential imposed conditions is sufficient, in our opinion, to avoid the legitimacy of revocation in proving a deterrent to others to the employment of illegal workers.
- 3.22 The Home Office has made checklists widely available which set out what a responsible employer should ask for ahead of employing any person in order to demonstrate 'due diligence' and avoid liability for inadvertently employing an illegal worker.
- 3.23 Since April 2017 these checklists have been embedded in the statutory applications for personal licences and premises licences, the transfer of premises licences and designated premises supervisor variations.
- 3.24 The first 4 'hits' on a Google search for "right to work" are links to employer checklists and information on the GOV.UK website.
- 3.25 The first link (https://www.gov.uk/check-job-applicant-riqht-to-work) details general advice, checking the documents, taking a copy of the documents, what if the job applicant can't show their documents and provides details of an employers' telephone helpline. This page has a direct link to what documents are acceptable proofs of a right to work in the UK and also allows an employer to fill out an online enquiry about a named individual they are considering offering employment to.

3.26 Appendix A sets the above out in some detail.

Relevance/Irrelevance of a Civil Penalty or Prosecution

- 3.27 An employer found to have 'employed' an illegal worker may, dependent on culpability and the evidence available, be issued with a civil penalty or prosecuted or indeed neither.
- 3.28 Where an illegal worker is detected a civil penalty maybe issued against the employer in accordance with the Home Office Code of Practice on Preventing Illegal Working (May 2014). In the case of a civil penalty the balance of probabilities test applies where as a prosecution requires a higher burden of proof.
- 3.29 However, to issue a civil penalty under section 15 Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006 the Home Office Code of Practice requires some proof that not only was an illegal worker working at the premises, but they were 'employed'. Usually this is taken as meaning the illegal worker was under a contract of service or apprenticeship, whether express or implied and whether oral or written.
- 3.30 But where an employee has not bothered with the basics of return to work checks, placed an employee on 'the books', paid the minimum wage or paid employer national insurance contributions it becomes difficult to 'prove' the employment statement where the only evidence maybe the word of an illegal worker who has since been detained or who has 'moved on'.
- In such cases where paid employment cannot be demonstrated, a civil penalty may not be issued even where the premises licence holder or his agent has facilitated a disqualified person committing an offence under section 24B Immigration Act 1971 (as amended by Immigration Act 2016) of working illegally.
- 3.32 This does not however prevent the crime prevention objective being engaged with as the premises licence holder has none the less facilitated a criminal offence taking place and the lack of checks suggests that in the past (and is likely in the future) has employed illegal workers. In drawing its conclusion, the subcommittee is entitled to exercise common sense and its own judgment based on the life experience so fits members. The East Lindsey case (see section 8) provides that action (revocation) to prevent what is likely to happen in the future is legitimate.

Appendix A – Right to Work checks

The first 4 'hits' on a Google search for "right to work" are links to employer check lists and information on the GOV.UK website.

The second link is to the Home Office document; "An Employer's Guide to Right to Work Checks" (published 16th May 2014 last updated 16th August 2017).

Another link provides a site (https://www.gov.uk/employee-immigration-employment status) which guides an employer through the process AND allows an employer to make an online submission to the Home Office to check if the proposed employee is prohibited from working as well as providing a telephone helpline.

Specifically, the first link (https://www.gov.uk/check-job-applicant-right-to-work) provides as follows:

General Advice

- You must see the applicant's original documents;
- You must check that the documents are valid with the applicant present;
- You must make and keep copies of the documents and record the date you made the check.

Checking the Documents

In relation to checking the documents it also adds that an employer needs to check that:

- the documents are genuine, original and unchanged and belong to the person who has given them to you;
- The dates for the applicant's right to work in the UK haven't expired;
- Photos are the same across all documents and look like the applicant;
- Dates of birth are the same across all documents;
- The applicant has permission to do the type of work you're offering (including any limit on the number of hours they can work);
- For students you see evidence of their study and vacation times; and
- If 2 documents give different names, the applicant has supporting documents showing why they're different, e.g. a marriage certificate or divorce decree

Taking a copy of the documents

When you copy the documents:

• Make a copy that can't be changed, e.g. a photocopy

- for passports, copy any page with the expiry date and applicant's details (e.g. nationality, date of birth and photograph) including endorsements, e.g. a work visa
- for biometric residence permits and residence cards (biometric format), copy both sides
- for all other documents you must make a complete copy
- keep copies during the applicant's employment and for 2 years after they stop working for you
- record the date the check was made

If the job applicant can't show their documents

You must ask the Home Office to check your employee or potential employee's immigration employment status if one of the following applies:

- you're reasonably satisfied that they can't show you their documents because of an outstanding appeal, administrative review or application with the Home Office:
- they have an Application Registration Card; or
- they have a Certificate of Application that is less than 6 months old Application registration cards and certificates of application must state that the work the employer is offering is permitted. Many of these documents don't allow the person to work.

The Home Office will send you a 'Positive Verification Notice' to confirm that the applicant has the right to work. You must keep this document.

Acceptable Documents

A list of acceptable documents can be found via the link to

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment data/file/441 95 7/employers guide to acceptable right to work documents v5.pdf

Appendix B – Statutory Guidance & Caselaw

Statutory Guidance (s182 LA 2003) and the Authority's Licensing Policy

3.33 In order to avoid punitive action, respondents to review hearings sometimes refer to both the statutory guidance issued under section 182 Licensing Act 2003 and those parts of the Authority's own policy which replicate paragraph 11.10 of that Guidance, viz:

Where authorised persons and responsible authorities have concerns about problems identified at premises, it/s good practice for them to give licence holder's early warning of their concerns and the need for improvement, and where possible they should advise the licence or certificate holder of the steps they need to take to address those concerns.

- 3.34 Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) submits that in the particular circumstances of cases where Immigration Compliance and Enforcement receive intelligence concerning the employment of illegal workers and act upon it; such warnings are inappropriate.
- 3.35 Not only would advance warning of enforcement activity prevent the detention of persons committing crimes and the securing of evidence; a warning after the event to comply with immigration legislation serves as no deterrent.
- 3.36 In particular; Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) submits that paragraph 11 .10 of the Guidance must be read in conjunction with the more specific paragraphs relating to reviews arising in connection with crime (paras. 11.24 11.29).
- 3.37 Paragraph 77.26

Where the licensing authority is conducting a review on the grounds that the premises have been used for criminal purposes, its role is solely to determine what steps should be taken in connection with the premises licence, for the promotion of the crime prevention objective. (...). The licensing authority's duty is to take steps with a view to the promotion of the licensing objectives and the prevention of illegal working in the

interests of the wider community and not those of the individual licence holder.

- 3.38 Thus the financial hardship occasioned by the suspension or revocation of the premises licence should not sway the sub-committee but instead it should look at what is appropriate to promote the objective within the wider business and local community given "illegal labour exploits workers, denies work to UK citizens and legal migrants and drives down wages" (Rt. Hon James Brokenshire, Immigration Minister on the introduction of the 2016 Act).
- 3.39 In particular; the sub-committee are asked to consider (below) the cases of R (Bassetlaw District Council) v Worksop Magistrates' Court; [2008] WLR (D)

350 and East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif (Trading as Zara's Restaurant and Takeaway), [2076) EWHC1265 (Admin) where in both cases the High Court stated remedy of the harm or potential harm is not the only consideration and that deterrence is an appropriate consideration in dealing with reviews where there has been activity in connection with crime.

3.40 Paragraph 11.27 of the Guidance states:

There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises(...)for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK.

Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) would draw the sub-committee's attention to the change in wording of this paragraph following the April 2017 revision of the guidance, where the previous reference to 'knowingly employing' was removed.

3.41 Paragraph 11.28 of the Guidance states:

It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise, and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence — even in the first instance - should be seriously considered.

Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) considers this paragraph selfexplanatory; where an enterprise employs illegal workers, it is the duty of Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) to bring forward reviews and for the authority to consider revocation in the first instance.

3.42 In support of this statement; Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) would draw the subcommittee's attention to the "Guidance for Licensing Authorities to Prevent Illegal Working in Licensed Premises in England and Wales" (Home Office) [April2017] where at section 4.1 it states;

"It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies will use the review procedures effectively to deter illegal working".

- 3.43 Since the main draw for illegal migration is work, and since low-skilled migrants are increasingly vulnerable to exploitation at the hand of criminal enterprises, the government has strengthened enforcement measures and the statutory Guidance to deter illegal workers and those that employ them.
- 3.44 Deterrence is a key element of the UK government's strategy to reduce illegal working and is supported by both the Guidance and Case Law.

Case Law

- 3.45 Deterrence as a legitimate consideration by a licensing sub-committee has been considered before the High Court where remedial measures (such as the imposition of additional conditions) were distinguished from legitimate deterrent (punitive) measures such as revocation.
- 3.46 R (Bassetlaw District Council) v Worksop Magistrates' Court; [2008] WLR (D) 350.

This was a case where a premises had sold alcohol to under age persons and subsequently the licensing authority suspended the licence. This was overturned on appeal to the Magistrates' Court and subsequently appealed to the High Court by the authority. The premises licence holder argued that they had a policy in place for checking the age of customers but this was not a perfect policy and had not been adhered to and that rather than revoke the licence, instead stringent conditions on proof of age should instead be imposed on the licence.

3.47 Issues relevant to the case before today's sub-committee which were considered in the *Bassetlaw* judgement included whether a licensing authority was restricted to remedial action (as opposed to punitive action such as revocation); and the precedence of wider considerations than those relating to an individual holder of a premises licence when certain criminal activities (as specified in the Guidance) took place.

3.48 It specifically examined (and set aside in the case of 'certain activities') those parts of the Guidance now contained within paragraph 11 .20 and 11 .23, viz:

In deciding which of these powers to invoke, it is expected that licensing authorities should so far as possible seek to establish the cause or causes of the concerns that the representations identify. The remedial action taken should generally be directed at these causes and should always be no more than an appropriate and proportionate response to address the causes of concern that instigated the review. However, it will always be important that any detrimental financial impact that may result from a licensing authority's decision is appropriate and proportionate to the promotion of the licensing objectives and for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises.

3.49 In her judgement, Mrs Justice Slade stated (at 32.1 & 33.1 of the citation):

"Where criminal activity is applicable, as here, wider considerations come into play and the furtherance of the licensing objective engaged includes the prevention of crime. In those circumstances, deterrence, in my judgment, is an appropriate objective and one contemplated by the guidance issued by the Secretary of State.(...) However, in my judgment deterrence is an appropriate consideration when the paragraphs specifically directed to dealing with reviews where there has been activity in connection with crime are applicable."

- 3.50 Having confirmed the legitimacy of punitive measures (suspension/revocation) for offences listed in what is now contained within paragraph 11.27 of the Guidance, Mrs Justice Slade concerned herself with another aspect of the appeal—namely the imposition of conditions which were already present but not properly implemented (paragraph34.1).In this case the appellant was suggesting that proof of age conditions(rather than revocation) could be imposed to ensure that the legal requirement not to sell alcohol to those under 18 years of age was met by him and his staff.
- 3.51 This has some similarity with any argument that may be put forward in the case before the subcommittee today that the imposition of conditions to check immigration status either directly or through an agency (essentially a requirement since 2006 under the Immigration, Asylum and Immigration Act 2006) would serve as sufficient remedy for the employment of illegal workers and negate a deterrent (suspension/revocation) being imposed by the subcommittee despite the wording of the Guidance at paragraph 11.28.
- 3.52 Mrs Justice Slade stated: "The sixth new provision was acceptable identification to establish the age of a purchaser shall be a driving licence with photographs, passport or proof of age scheme card recognised by or acceptable by the licensing authority. I am told these provisions were

already in place, but not properly implemented. No doubt those are perfectly sensible and appropriate provisions to be included on a licence. However it is said that the action taken on appeal being confined in effect to reiterating existing practice with a minimal addition was entirely inappropriate to meet the situation where there have been sales of alcohol to 14 year old girls".

- 3.53 Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) contends that in the case before the subcommittee the facts are similar. In the cited case straight forward, sensible enquiries could have been made as to the age of the children and the imposition of additional conditions as a form of remedy was considered in appropriate by Mrs Justice Slade for 'those serious cases' set out in the Guidance.
- In the case before the subcommittee, simple steps (set out at Appendix A) were available to prevent the employment of illegal workers -none were taken; the imposition of conditions to remedy this situation is inconsistent with the section 182 Guidance and this case citation. A negligent employer should expect revocation in the first instance.
- 3.55 East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif (Trading as Zara's Restaurant and Takeaway), [2076]EWHC 7265 (Admin)

 This is a recent High Court decision (published April 2016) which has similarities with the one before the sub-committee in that it related to the employment of an illegal worker and where a prosecution for such had not been instigated.

 Amongst other matters it had been argued for the premises licence holder that the crime prevention objective was not engaged where a prosecution or conviction for the employment of an illegal worker was not in place. Whilst the initial hearing may have suggested several illegal workers being employed, the High Court appeal and decision related to the employment of one individual and is therefore, Home Office (Immigration Enforcement)

would argue, indistinguishable from the matter before the subcommittee

today.

3.56 The case reaffirms the principle that responsible authorities need not wait for the licensing objectives to actually be undermined; that crucially in considering whether the crime prevention objective has been engaged a prospective consideration (i.e. what is likely to happen in the future) of what is warranted is a key factor. It also reaffirmed the case of Bassetlaw in concluding that deterrence is a legitimate consideration of a sub-committee. Mr Justice Jay stated: "The question was not whether the respondent had been found guilty of criminal offences before a relevant tribunal, but whether revocation of his licence was appropriate and proportionate in the light of the salient licensing objectives, namely the prevention of crime and disorder. This requires a much broader approach to the issue than the mere identification of criminal convictions. It is in part retrospective, in as much as antecedent facts will usually impact on the statutory question, but importantly the prevention of crime and disorder requires a prospective consideration of what is warranted in the public interest, having regard to the twin

considerations of prevention and deterrence. In any event, I agree with Mr Kolvin that criminal convictions are not required." (Paragraph 18) Mr Justice Jay added: "Having regard in particular to the twin requirements of prevention and deterrence, there was in my judgment only one answer to this case. The respondent exploited a vulnerable individual from his community by acting in plain, albeit covert, breach of the criminal law. In my view his licence should be revoked." (Paragraph 23)

Appendix C – Supporting Evidence



Report Parameters	
Date created	14/10/2019
Created by officer	
Reason for generating report	cpct referral

Contents	
Document	Count
Arrivals	4
Departures	3
Briefing Acceptances	4
Additional Addresses	0
Entry to Premises	4
Encounters	7
Offers of Voluntary Departure	2
Search of Premises	0
Cash Seizure	0
Illegal Working - Employee	4
Illegal Working - Employer	1
Compliant Environment	0
Method of Entry	0
Right to Rent - Tenant	0
Right to Rent - Landlord	0
Arrests	3
Freetext notes	1
Biometric Searches	1
Use of Force	0
Documents Served	1
Q&A	0
Post Visit Work	0
Critical Incident	0
Mitigating Circumstances	2
Bio Data	0
Contact Details	0

Police reference (e.g. FWIN, CAD)

Additional information	licensing office visit documentation for email email attached to pronto.	nas been invited to the visits - see supporting ail - warning markers returned and no issues - see
Is there a named offender on this visit?	No	
Is this operation part of the Controlling Migration Fund?	Yes	
Location	Type of address	Commercial
	Name of business	Jaflong Restaurant
	Address line 1	51 Market Square
	Address line 2	
	Town or city	Oxford
	County	Oxfordshire
	Postcode	OX26 6AJ
	Police force	Police
	Sub area (e.g. police area, local authority, borough)	
	Notes	
	Location research	Attachment 1 jaflong google maps.docx
	Address system checks	
	Date police address deconfliction check completed	08-10-2019
	Address system checks notes	warning marker checks and log have been requested on 04/10/2019 - warning amrkers attached to pronto - no issues. Licensing also will be attending - Licinsing Officer
Supporting documentation	Attachment 1	11102019 Warning Marker Checks and invite to licensing officer.msg
	Attachment 2	11102019 warning marker check results.msg

PLAN	Proportionate	Gender make up of team comprises of 5 male officers and 1 female officer to deal with any persons present at premises. • The visit will take place in the evening, roughly 19.00 hours, the time of the visit is proportionate to ensure the premises is open. • In view of the location, size of the premises and in conjunction with a risk assessment a team size of 6 persons is proportionate to safely conduct the visit. Officer numbers will be reviewed by the OIC and stood down when it is appropriate to do so.
	Lawful	• The visit is lawful as Home Office Immigration Enforcement Officers are carrying out a legal function to arrest under appropriate powers of Para 17(1) Sch 2 Immigration Act as amended any subject who is liable to be detained and as a person whom removal directions may be given, is liable to be detained in accordance with the provision of Para 16(2) of Sch 2 of the Immigration Act as amended. The visit is to be conducted by arrest trained officers acting on intelligence and entry will be obtained under S179 of the Licensing Act as confirmation that they hold a license received. Also Licensing
	Auditable	Officers to attend on the visit • The visit is accountable as the visit package, applicable PRONTO entries of individual officers recording their actions and, along with visit notifications to Gold and Silver will be stored for scrutiny at a later date. The visit was discussed at the TCG and authorised by the AD and the authorisation is recorded in the TGC minutes. All documentation associated with the visit will remain auditable for 7 years. All actions are in accordance with requirements under the Immigration Act 1971, including subsequent amendments, and the European Convention of Human Rights legislation 1998.
	Necessary	This visit is considered necessary to maintain an effective immigration control. This visit has the primary objective of identifying and apprehending an immigration offender whilst ensuring there are no safeguarding issues. HOIE are tasked with enforcing immigration law and decisions. HOIE have received information that an offender
Printed 14/10/2019 at 12:31	of#Rages4	is at the address and enforcement visit is (b) SITIME uired to pursue potential removal theof 49 United Kingdom of any suspect found to be an



5. As officers were getting out of the vans at the rear of the premises a waiter appeared and saw officers and then disappeared into the premises (it is suspected this was
disappeared into the premises (it is suspected this was an another male ran from the premises who was caught by IO
6. OIO gained entry by speaking to the person in charge (the son of the owner). She introduced herself, showed her warrant ID card and explained the reason for the visit.
7. There were 7 members of staff on site, they were:
8. MALE BORN —— cleared, son of owner (owner had just had a Kidney operation) and was
running the premises until his father was well enough to return to work.
9 A MALE BORN PID Cleared
10. A MALE BORN PID attempted to evade officers. Not seen
working. Checks show he has outstanding submissions and is currently abiding by his reporting restrictions so not
suitable for detention. Instructed he is not to work and escorted from the premises. His Home Office record has been
updated with the visit information.
11. PID he has an outstanding asylum claim and is
also abiding with his reporting restrictions so not suitable for detention. His Home Office records have been updated with
the visit information.
12. A MALE BORN PID Appearance was similar to the male
waiter originally seen when officers parked the vehicle. He was encountered sitting in the dark in a store room on the
first floor wearing pajama bottoms, a Ralph Lauren checked shift and fit flops. A waiters uniform was seen on the table
nearby. As officers did not seen him working and said he is just sitting upstairs he was not put on the CPCT
referral. Checks show the subject has an outstanding asylum claim and therefore not suitable for detention. His Home
Office record has been updated with the visit information. 13.
13. A MALE BORN — PID — He is an Overstayer and has been detained for Emergency Travel Documentation and removal from the UK. He is currently held at Immigration Removal
Centre
14. A MALE BORN PID Subject stated he entered the UK hidden in a
lorry 2 years ago. He was arrested and detained for Emergency Travel Documentation and removal from the UK. He is
currently held at Immigration Removal Centre
15. The premises was in bad condition and there were 8 bed spaces found upstairs over the 1st and 2nd floors. The Fire
Doors had had the handles removed and there were no obvious working smoke alarms. In the cellar the walls had been
knocked through and it appeared they had also gone through the neighboring property walls also. There was food stored
on the floor in the cellar around the rubble. Also the back door in the kitchen area opened out into a small courtyard
which was filled with pigeons, mess and feathers, no protection to stop them entering into the kitchen area and definitely
a health risk. The carpets need replacing as offices boots had stuck to them.
16. The Fire Service was called to attend to ensure the premises was safe to remain open. At the time of this report I am
awaiting the Fire Service update.
17. All officers left at 19.30 hours.
Actions:
Update pronto, de-brief to Thames Valley Police
4440/0040
14/10/2019
Have you provided the CID Person ID Yes
on all Encounters and Arrests where
necessary?

Visit Report: Enforcement 11/10/2019

Public disorder issue	No
Family encountered	No
Closing Details	
Date closed	14-10-2019 12:29:45
Closed by officer	

Forms created by:

Briefing Acceptan	ice
Officer	
Date/Time	11-10-2019 18:36:19
Geolocation	No geolocation available
Visit reference	

Arrival	
Officer	
Date/Time	11-10-2019 18:30:19
Geolocation	No geolocation available
Visit reference	

Encounter Details	
Visit reference	
Created by	
ProntoID	
Time	18:38
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:38:29
Chosen Identity	
Identity source/type	Declared
Name	

DOB	
Gender	
Nationality	
Languages	
Languages spoken	None specified
Interpreter used?	
Encounter	
Type of encounter	Subject
Encountering officer	Officer
Declared immigration status	No visa
How and when did the subject last enter the UK?	
Is this person the subject of the visit?	No
Justification for questioning someone who is not the subject of the visit	Tried to run out the kitchen
Where in the premises was the subject located?	Kitchen
Do you know the subject's CID Person ID?	Yes
CID Person ID	
Details of vulnerabilities/ safeguarding issues	
Section 55 issues?	No
Referral to social services?	No
Referral to NRM (National Referral Mechanism)?	No
Duty to Notify/MS1 referral made?	No
References (Person ID, HO Ref, Port Ref, BRP)	
Biographic search results	Systems checked CID
	Result of checks
	Status returned by Section 10: Overstayer system checks

Identity Documentation	
Document 1	Document type Name in document (if different from above) Document reference Document expiry date Country of issue (if different from nationality above) Suspected fraudulent Notes Photos
Notes	
No notes entered.	

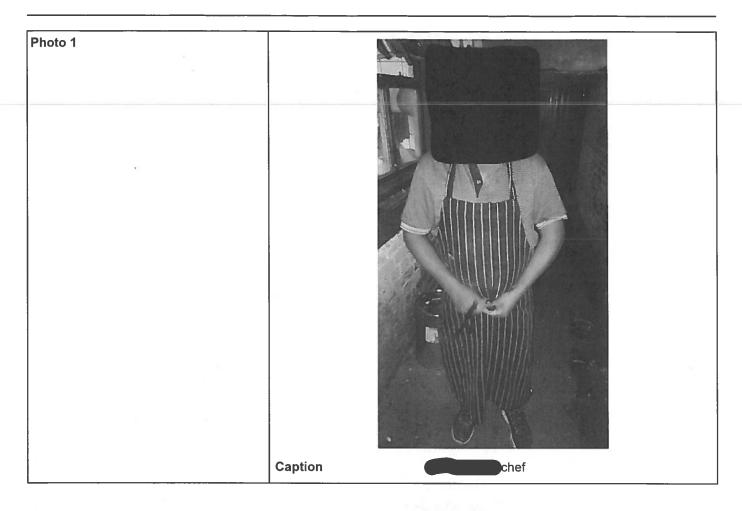
Arrest Details	
Visit reference	
Created by	
ProntolD	
Subject CID Person ID	
Subject name	
Subject DOB	
Subject nationality	
Subject gender	Male
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:47:34
Arrest Details	
Time of arrest	18:38
Power of arrest	17(1) Immigration Act 1971
Arresting officer	Officer
Reason for arrest	S10 Overstayer

Grounds for arrest explained to subject?	Yes			
Caution administered	Administrative caution			
Confirm subject understood caution?	Yes			
Notes				
Search of Person				
Subject searched	No			
Reason for not carrying out search	Emptied pockets			
Outcome After Arrest				
Outcome	Bail			
Details of bail restrictions, including address	Currently reporting			
Bail authorised by				
Notes				
No notes entered.				

Illegal Working - Employee		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntoID		
Subject CID Person ID		
Subject name		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality		
Subject gender	Male	
Time	18:49	
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available	
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:48:55	
Language of Interview		
What language is the interview carried out in?	English	

Interpreter used?	No		
Obligation			
How long have you been working here?	12 weeks		
What is your job role/ what are your duties?	Chef		
What days/ hours do you work each week?	5 days a week 6 hours per shift		
Do you work the same hours/ days every week?	Yes		
Control			
Who gave you this job (name and role in business)?	Shakur Ali		
Who tells you what days/ hours to work?	Shakur ali		
Who tells you what tasks/ duties to do each day?	I cook the food		
Remuneration			
How are you paid (money, accommodation, food)?	£25 per shift		
If money, how much and how do you receive it?	Cash		
Who pays you?	Shakur ali		
Do you pay income tax or have a National Insurance number?	No		
Pre-employment Checks			
What name does the employer know you as?			
Did you show documents before being offered the job? If so, what?	None he knows I'm illegal		
Does your employer know you're not allowed to work in the UK?	Yes		

Additional Questions	
No details provided.	
Photographs	
No photographs.	
Declaration	
Interviewee signature	11-10-2019 18:54:07
Observations	
Observations	



Entry to Premises Details				
Visit reference				
Created by				
Address	Jaflong Restaurant, 51 Market Square, Oxford, Oxfordshire, OX26 6AJ (Visit Address)			
Created at geolocation	Easting 448626 Northing 197039			
Creation date	11-10-2019 20:42:33			
Power of Entry				
Entry gained	Yes			
Time of entry	18:30			
Are you the officer who gained entry?	No			

Visit Report: Enforcement 11/10/2019

Name of officer who gained entry	Officer
Power of entry used	Section 179 Licensing Act 2003
Subject Declaration	
I confirm that I give consent for Immigra and I understand that I may withdraw th	ation Enforcement to enter the premises. My rights have been explained to me ne consent.
No signature provided	
Notice to Occupier	
Are you the officer that served the Notice to Occupier?	No
Notes	
No notes entered.	

Departure			
Officer			
Date/Time	11-10-2019 20:44:36		
Geolocation	Easting	448600	
	Northing	197090	
Visit reference			

Forms created by:

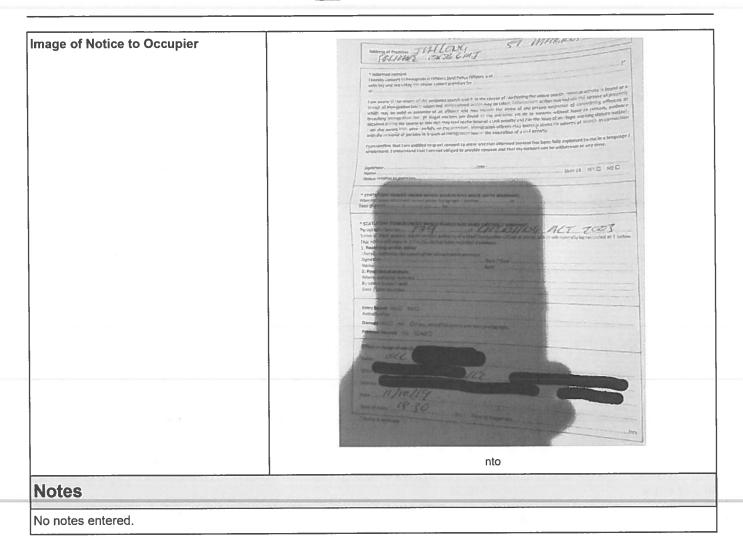
Briefing Accepta	ance		
Officer			
Date/Time	11-10-2019 17:55:10		
Geolocation	Easting	444582	
	Northing	241081	
Visit reference			

Arrival	
Officer	
Date/Time	11-10-2019 18:33:21

Geolocation	Easting	458539	
	Northing	222354	
Visit reference			

Entry to Premises			
Details			
Type of work	Visit		
Visit reference			
Created by			
Address	Jaflong Restaurant, 51 Market Square, Oxford, Oxfordshire, OX26 6AJ (Visit Address)		
Created at geolocation	Easting 458512		
	Northing 222337		
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:34:11		
Power of Entry			
Entry gained	Yes		
Time of entry	18:34		
Are you the officer who gained entry?	Yes		
Power of entry used	Section 179 Licensing Act 2003		
Is this different to the planned power?	No		
Force used to gain entry?	No		
Subject Declaration			
I confirm that I give consent for Immigration and I understand that I may withdraw the	on Enforcement to enter the premises. My rights have been explained to me consent.		
No signature provided			
Notice to Occupier			
Are you the officer that served the Notice to Occupier?	Yes		
Notice to occupier served in line with guidance?	Yes		
Details (name / place left)			





Encounter			
Details			
Type of work	Visit		
Visit reference			
Created by			
ProntolD			
Time	18:36		
Created at geolocation	Easting	458539	
	Northing	222441	
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:36:31		
Chosen Identity			
Identity source/type	Declared		

Name	
DOB	
Gender	Male
Nationality	
Languages	
Languages spoken	None specified
Interpreter used?	
Encounter	
Type of encounter	Person present - non-suspect
Encountering officer	Officer
Where in the premises was the subject located?	
References (Person ID, HO Ref, Port Ref, BRP)	
Biographic search results	Systems checked
18	Result of checks
	Status returned by
	system checks
Identity Documentation	
Document 1	Document type
h	Name in document (if
	different from above)
5	Document reference
	Document expiry date
2	Country of issue
	(if different from nationality above)
	Suspected fraudulent
	Notes
	Photos
Notes	
Cleared on credibility due to questioning	

Encounter		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntoID		
Time	18:47	
Created at geolocation	Easting 458528 Northing 222386	
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:42:03	
Chosen Identity		
Identity source/type	Biometric	
Name		
DOB		
Gender	Male	
Nationality		
Languages		
Languages spoken	None specified	
Interpreter used?		
Encounter		
Type of encounter	Subject	
Encountering officer	- Officer	
Declared immigration status	Asylum	
How and when did the subject last enter the UK?		
Is this person the subject of the visit?	No	
Justification for questioning someone who is not the subject of the visit	Hiding in dark	
Where in the premises was the subject located?	Store room upstairs in Panama bottoms	
Do you know the subject's CID Person ID?	Yes	
CID Person ID		

Details of vulnerabilities/ safeguarding issues		
Section 55 issues?	No	
Referral to social services?	No	
Referral to NRM (National Referral Mechanism)?	No	
Duty to Notify/MS1 referral made?	No	
References (Person ID, HO Ref, Port Ref, BRP)		
Biographic search results	Systems checked	CID
	Result of checks	
	Status returned by system checks	Asylum O/S

Identity Documentat	tion	
Document 1	Document type	Other
	If other, details	Arc
	Name in document (if different from above)	
	Document reference	
	Document expiry date	
	Country of issue (if different from nationality above)	
	Suspected fraudulent	
	Notes	
, o — <u>— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — </u>	Photos	
,		APPLICATION REGISTRATION CARD
		NO PUBLIC PURDS ACC STANDARD AND ACCOUNTS OF STANDARD ACCOUNTS OF STAND
		arc card
Notes		
No notes entered.	N N	

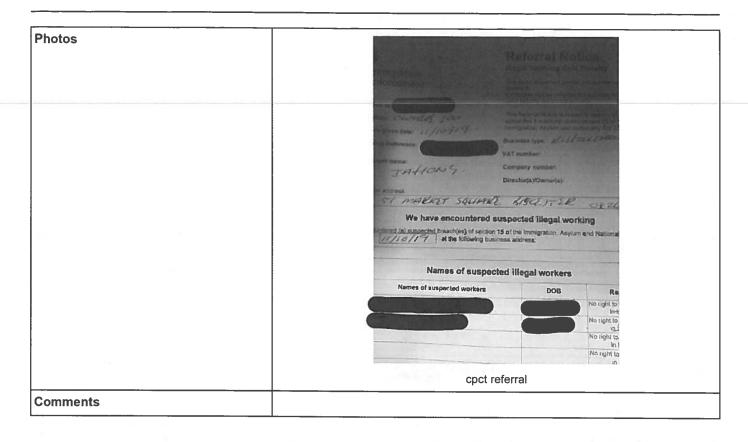
Illegal Working - Employer		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		

Created by		
ProntoID		
Subject CID Person ID	Unknown	
Employer		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality		
Subject gender	Male	
Time	19:15	
Created at geolocation	Easting 458629	
	Northing 222310	
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:14:57	
Language of Interview		
What language is the interview carried out in?		
Interpreter used?	No	
Employer Details		
What is the name of the business?	Jaflong	
What is your position here?	Dad is owner and hes not well - just helping out	
who employs staff	My dad	
do you have any information on employing 3 males	No my dad does it all but hes just had a kidney transplant and I'm helping out. Don't know any details	
Declaration by Employer		
I confirm that I have understood all the qu	estions and that the details are true and correct.	
Signed by		
	11-10-2019 19:18:38	

Observations		
Observations		

Documents Served		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
Address	Jaflong Restaurant, 51 Market Square, Oxford, Oxfordshire, O. Address)	X26 6AJ (Visit
ProntolD		
Subject CID Person ID	Unknown	
Subject name		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality		
Subject gender	Male	
Created at geolocation	Easting 458608	
	Northing 222644	
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:23:18	
Document Served		
Document type	Person	
Document served to	Subject	
Time document served	19:23	
Document issued by	Officer	
Document served	Referral Notice Employer	

Visit Report: Enforcement 11/10/2019



Departure				
Officer)		
Date/Time	11-10-2019 19:29:25			
Geolocation	Easting	458577		
	Northing	222392		
Visit reference				

Forms created by:

Briefing Accepta	ance			
Officer				
Date/Time	11-10-2019 17:55:15			
Geolocation	Easting	444587		
8	Northing	241065		
Visit reference				

Arrival			
Officer			
Date/Time	11-10-2019 18:30:44		
Geolocation	Easting	458537	
	Northing	222312	
Visit reference			

Entry to Premises		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
Address	Jaflong Restaurant, 51 Market Square, Oxford, Oxfordshire, OX26 6AJ (Visit Address)	
Created at geolocation	Easting 458553	
	Northing 222312	
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:37:57	
Power of Entry		
Entry gained	Yes	
Time of entry	18:30	
Are you the officer who gained entry?	No	
Name of officer who gained entry	Officer	
Power of entry used	Section 179 Licensing Act 2003	
Subject Declaration		
I confirm that I give consent for Immigration and I understand that I may withdraw the	on Enforcement to enter the premises. My rights have been explained to me consent.	
No signature provided		
Notice to Occupier		
Are you the officer that served the Notice to Occupier?	No	

Notes		
No notes entered.		

Encounter			
Details			
Type of work	Visit		
Visit reference			
Created by			
ProntolD			
Time	18:32		
Created at geolocation	Easting	458526	
	Northing	222373	
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:38:	41	
Chosen Identity			
ldentity source/type	Biographic		
Name			
DOB		Д	
Gender	Male		
Nationality			
Languages			
Languages spoken	None specified		
Interpreter used?	No		
Encounter			
Type of encounter	Subject		
Encountering officer		Officer	
Declared immigration status	Illegal		
How and when did the subject last enter the UK?	November 2011		
Is this person the subject of the visit?	Yes		
Where in the premises was the subject located?	Running from pren	nises	
Do you know the subject's CID Person ID?	Yes		

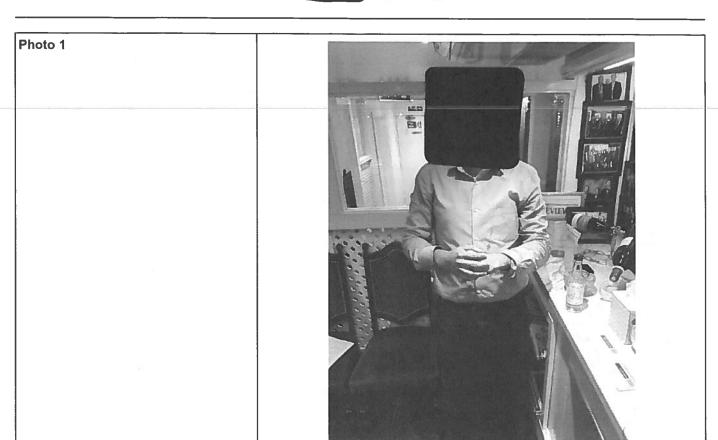
CID Person ID		
Details of vulnerabilities/ safeguarding issues		
Section 55 issues?	No	
Referral to social services?	No	
Referral to NRM (National Referral Mechanism)?	No	
Duty to Notify/MS1 referral made?	No	
References (Person ID, HO Ref, Port (Ref, BRP)		
Biographic search results	Systems checked	CID
	Result of checks	Open Asylum claim & compliant with reporting
	Status returned by system checks	Asylum O/S

Document 1	Document type	Other
	If other, details	Bail 201
		Dall 20 I
	Name in document (if different from above)	
	Document reference	
	Document expiry date	
	Country of issue	
	(if different from nationality above)	
	Suspected fraudulent	No
	Notes	
	Photos	Home Office 2nd Flear Lines Moure AD Violensiery Road Cryption CRD 2BY MORECATION OF GRANITAMBATION OF INMEGRATION BAIL. TO A PERSON DETARRE OR LIABLE TO BE DETARRED This notice is given to you because you are being your inmegration ball to being varied The Security of State may grant invergeblon ball to a person who is detarred, or who is liable to establish do office and so the research state of the research liable to be detarred person apprise to gru Mark over A Province liable to be detarred because you are a person which be been refused. B Was are liable to be detarred because you are a person which be been refused. B Was are liable to be detarred because you are a person which be been refused. C I Ver are liable to be detarred because you are a person which be been refused with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated with a notice of applier to review, or are a separated view or any applier. F Very are liable to be detained preciping a decision to depot your demand of your average from the content of the separated from the review of the separated from the review of the separated from the variety of the separated from the value of the separated fro
	5	* Optividade 15 in the Section Page 1995 in the International Control of
Notes		201

Illegal Working - Employee		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		

Created by		
ProntoiD		
Subject CID Person ID		
Subject name		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality	Mala	
Subject gender	Male 18:45	
Time		
Created at geolocation	Easting	458560
	Northing	222350
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:4	.5:15
Language of Interview		
What language is the interview carried out in?		
Interpreter used?	No	
Obligation		
No details provided.		
Control		
No details provided.		
Remuneration		
No details provided.		
Pre-employment Checks		
No details provided.		
Additional Questions		
No details provided.		
Photographs		
No photographs.		
Declaration		
Subject has refused to provide a signatur	е.	
Observations		
Observations		ses & was wearing clothing in keeping with other front of ted he was helping out his friend for the night as a favour.

subject in restaurant



Caption

Encounter			
Details			
Type of work	Visit	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	The second secon
Visit reference	0.000		
Created by			
ProntolD	400 -4		
Time	18:55		
Created at geolocation	Easting	458539	
	Northing	222393	
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:55:	29	
Chosen Identity			
Identity source/type	Declared		
Name		***	
DOB			

Gender	Male	
Nationality		
Languages		
Languages spoken	None specified	
Interpreter used?	No	
Encounter		
Type of encounter	Subject	
Encountering officer	Officer	
Declared immigration status	Illegal	
How and when did the subject last enter the UK?	Lorry in 2017	
Is this person the subject of the visit?	Yes	
Where in the premises was the subject located?	Kitchen	
Do you know the subject's CID Person ID?	Yes	
CID Person ID		
Details of vulnerabilities/ safeguarding issues	None	
Section 55 issues?	No	
Referral to social services?	No	
Referral to NRM (National Referral Mechanism)?	No	
Duty to Notify/MS1 referral made?	No	
References (Person ID, HO Ref, Port Ref, BRP)		
Biographic search results	Systems checked	CID
	Result of checks	No trace
	Status returned by system checks	No trace

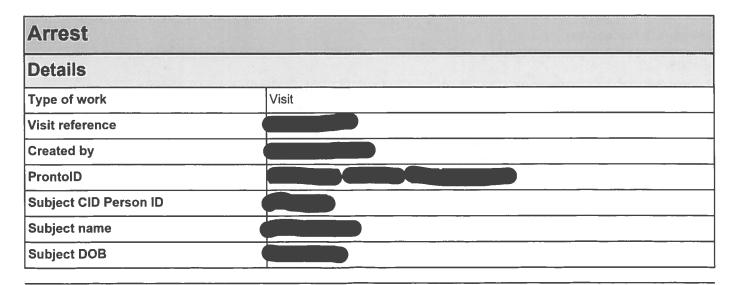
Identity Documentation	
Document 1	Document type
	Name in document (if
	different from above)
	Document reference
	Document expiry date
	Country of issue
	(if different from
	nationality above)
	Suspected fraudulent
*	Notes
	Photos
Notes	
No notes entered.	

Biometrics Search Details		
Visit reference		
Created by		
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available	
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:02:33	
Parameters		
Subject name	Unknown	
Searches	Immigration	
Reason	Subject identification	
Power	Paragraph 18(2) Schedule 2 Immigration Act 1971	
Justification for exercising the power	ID	

Mitigating Circumstances	
Details	
Type of work	Visit
Visit reference	
Created by	
ProntolD	
Subject CID Person ID	Unknown
Subject name	
Subject DOB	
Subject nationality	
Subject gender	Male
Created at geolocation	Easting 458562
	Northing 222355
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:05:55
Medical	
Currently taking any medication	No
Registered with a GP surgery	No
Hospital treatment or consultations received in the past 3 years?	No
Currently awaiting NHS treatment	No
Pregnant	No
Notes	
Partner and Dependants in	UK
No partner or dependants in the UK.	
Criminal History	
Criminal history in the UK	No
Criminal history in another country	No
Notes	
Armed Forces	
Subject/ dependant is a member of Armed Forces?	No
Declaration	
Notes	

Subject has refused to provide a signature

Offer of Voluntary Departure Details		
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntolD		
Subject CID Person ID	Unknown	
Subject name		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality		
Subject gender	Male	
Time	19:07	
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available	
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:07:17	
Offer		
Voluntary departure offered	No	
Voluntary departure offer accepted	No	
Notes	No one there for me	
Declaration		
Subject has refused to provide a signatu	ıre	



Subject nationality		
Subject gender	Male	
Created at geolocation	Easting 458553	
	Northing 222390	
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:07:44	
Arrest Details		
Time of arrest	19:07	
Power of arrest	17(1) Immigration Act 1971	
Arresting officer	Officer	
Reason for arrest	Illegal entrant (EWOL)	
Grounds for arrest explained to subject?	Yes	
Caution administered	Administrative caution	
Confirm subject understood caution?	Yes	
Notes		
Search of Person		
Subject searched	Yes	
Power used for search	Para 25B Schedule 2	
Justification	Found in kitchen with sharps present	
Name of officer who performed search		
Items found	No	
Outcome After Arrest		
Outcome	Detention	
Details of detention, including family split		
Detention authorised by		
Notes		
No notes entered.		

Illegal Working - Employee		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	

Visit reference	
Created by	
ProntolD	
Subject CID Person ID	Unknown
Subject name	CHAIDWII
Subject DOB	
Subject nationality	
Subject gender	Male
Time	19:09
Created at geolocation	Easting 458555
	Northing 222437
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:08:57
	11-10-2019 19.06.37
Language of Interview	
What language is the interview carried out in?	
Interpreter used?	No
Obligation	
How long have you been working here?	20 day
What is your job role/ what are your duties?	Kitchen porter
Control	
Who gave you this job (name and role in business)?	Shakur Ali
Remuneration	
How are you paid (money, accommodation, food)?	Cash £10 a day & food / bed
Do you pay income tax or have a National Insurance number?	No
Pre-employment Checks	
Does your employer know you're not allowed to work in the UK?	Yes they know
Did you show documents before being offered the job? If so, what?	No

Visit Report: Enforcement 11/10/2019

Additional Questions

No details provided.

Photographs

No photographs.

Declaration

Subject has refused to provide a signature.

Observations

Observations	n uniform in kitch	en
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Photo 1



Caption

subject in chef whites in kitchen

Forms created by:

Briefing Acceptance		
Officer		
Date/Time	11-10-2019 18:35:44	
Geolocation	No geolocation available	
Visit reference		

Arrival	
Officer	
Date/Time	11-10-2019 18:30:02
Geolocation	No geolocation available
Visit reference	

Entry to Premises Details	
Visit reference	
Created by	
Address	Jaflong Restaurant, 51 Market Square, Oxford, Oxfordshire, OX26 6AJ (Visit Address)
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:36:14
Power of Entry	
Entry gained	Yes
Time of entry	18:30
Are you the officer who gained entry?	No
Name of officer who gained entry	Officer
Power of entry used	Section 179 Licensing Act 2003
Subject Declaration	
I confirm that I give consent for Immigration and I understand that I may withdraw the	on Enforcement to enter the premises. My rights have been explained to me consent.
No signature provided	
Notice to Occupier	
Are you the officer that served the Notice to Occupier?	No
Notes	
No notes entered.	

Encounter	
Encounter	
Details	
Type of work	Visit
Visit reference	
Created by	
ProntoID	
Time	18:36
Created at geolocation	Easting 458600
	Northing 222394
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:37:08
Chosen Identity	
Identity source/type	Declared
Name	
DOB	
Gender	Male
Nationality	
Languages	
Languages spoken	None specified
Interpreter used?	No
Encounter	
Type of encounter	Subject
Encountering officer	- Officer
Declared immigration status	
How and when did the subject last enter the UK?	
Is this person the subject of the visit?	Yes
Where in the premises was the subject located?	Kitchen
Do you know the subject's CID Person ID?	Yes
CID Person ID	
Details of vulnerabilities/ safeguarding issues	
Section 55 issues?	No

Referral to social services?	No	
Referral to NRM (National Referral Mechanism)?	No	
Duty to Notify/MS1 referral made?	No	
References (Person ID, HO Ref, Port Ref, BRP)		
Biographic search results	Systems checked	CID
	Result of checks	
	Status returned by system checks	British citizen
Identity Documentation	Q21 T	
Document 1	Document type	
	Name in document (if	
	different from above)	
	Document reference	
	Document expiry date	
	Country of issue	
	(if different from	
	nationality above)	
	Suspected fraudulent	
	Notes	
	Photos	
Notes		
No notes entered.		

Encounter	
Details	
Type of work	Visit
Visit reference	
Created by	
ProntolD	
Time	18:40
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available
Creation date	11-10-2019 18:40:55

Chosen Identity		
Identity source/type	Declared	
Name		
DOB		
Gender	Male	
Nationality		
Languages		
Languages spoken	None specified	
Interpreter used?	Yes	
Interpreter details		
Encounter		
Type of encounter	Subject	
Encountering officer	Officer	
Declared immigration status	Overstayer	
How and when did the subject last enter the UK?	2012 Visit Visa	
Is this person the subject of the visit?	Yes	
Where in the premises was the	Kitchen	
subject located?		
Do you know the subject's CID Person ID?	Yes	
CID Person ID		
Details of vulnerabilities/ safeguarding issues		
Section 55 issues?	No	
Referral to social services?	No	
Referral to NRM (National Referral Mechanism)?	No	
Duty to Notify/MS1 referral made?	No	
References (Person ID, HO Ref, Port Ref, BRP)		
Biographic search results	Systems checked CID, CRS	
	Result of checks	
	Status returned by Section 10: Overstayer system checks	

Identity Document	ation
Document 1	Document type Name in document (if different from above) Document reference Document expiry date Country of issue (if different from nationality above) Suspected fraudulent Notes Photos
Notes	
No notes entered.	

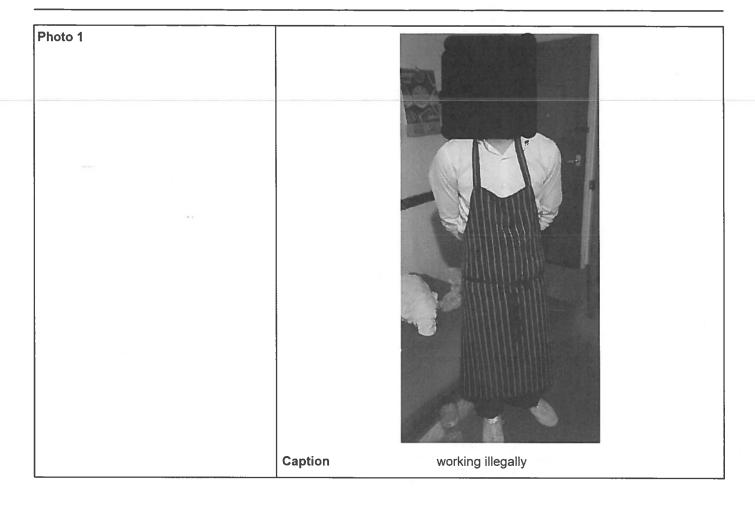
Arrest	
Details	
Type of work	Visit
Visit reference	
Created by	
ProntolD	
Subject CID Person ID	
Subject name	
Subject DOB	
Subject nationality	
Subject gender	Male
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:09:21
Arrest Details	
Time of arrest	19:09
Power of arrest	17(1) Immigration Act 1971
Arresting officer	Officer
Reason for arrest	S10 Overstayer

Grounds for arrest explained to subject?	Yes
Caution administered	Administrative caution
Confirm subject understood caution?	Yes
Notes	Big Word used to explain
Search of Person	
Subject searched	Yes
Power used for search	Para 25B Schedule 2
Justification	Found in kitchen possible sharp items
Name of officer who performed search	
Items found	No
Outcome After Arrest	
Outcome	Detention
Details of detention, including family split	
Detention authorised by	
Notes	
No notes entered.	

Illegal Working - Employee Details		
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntolD		
Subject CID Person ID		
Subject name		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality		
Subject gender	Male	
Time	19:10	
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available	
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:16:26	

Language of Interview	
What language is the interview carried out in?	
Interpreter used?	Yes
Details of interpreter	Big Word
Obligation	
How long have you been working here?	6 months
What days/ hours do you work each week?	6 days per week, 9 hours per day gets Mondays off
how much to you get paid	£120 per week on Sunday cash in hand
who is the boss?	Shokor Ali
who pays you the cash ?	Shokor Ali in cash
What is your job role/ what are your duties?	Chef
Control	
Who tells you what days/ hours to work?	The manager who ever is on duty
Remuneration	
How are you paid (money, accommodation, food)?	I get food and accommodation for free with the job
Pre-employment Checks	
Did you show documents before being offered the job? If so, what?	Passport copy but nothing else.

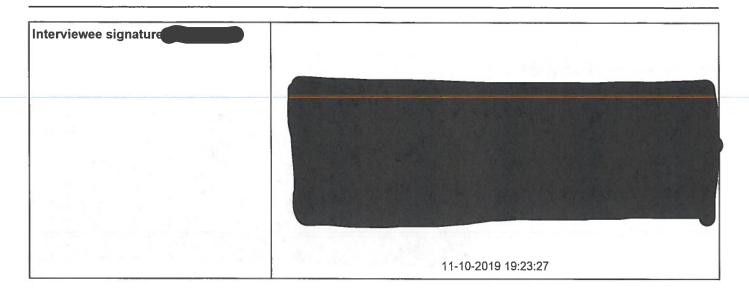
Additional Questions	
No details provided.	
Photographs	
No photographs.	
Declaration	
Interviewee signature	11-10-2019 19:22:39
Observations	
Observations	



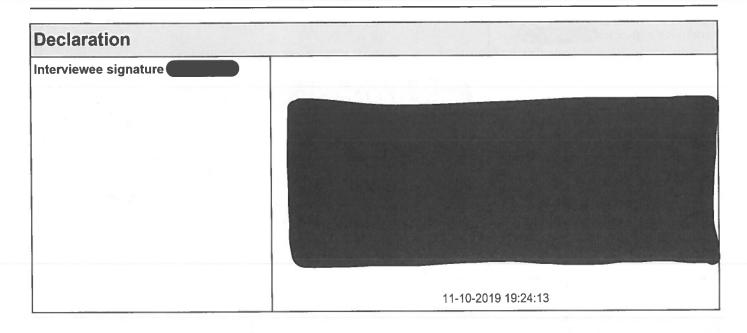
Mitigating Circumstances			
Details			
Type of work	Visit		
Visit reference			
Created by			
ProntolD			
Subject CID Person ID			
Subject name			
Subject DOB			
Subject nationality			
Subject gender	Male		
Created at geolocation	Easting	458549	
	Northing	222373	
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:22:	54	

Medical	
Currently taking any medication	No
Registered with a GP surgery	No
Hospital treatment or consultations received in the past 3 years?	No
Currently awaiting NHS treatment	No
Pregnant	No
Notes	Fit and Well
Partner and Dependants in	UK
Relation 1	Relationship to the subject Name Date of birth Place of birth Nationality Immigration status Notes
Criminal History	
Criminal history in the UK	No
Criminal history in another country	No
Notes	
Armed Forces	
Subject/ dependant is a member of Armed Forces?	No
Declaration	
Notes	

OFFICIAL SENSITIVE Visit Report: Enforcement 11/10/2019

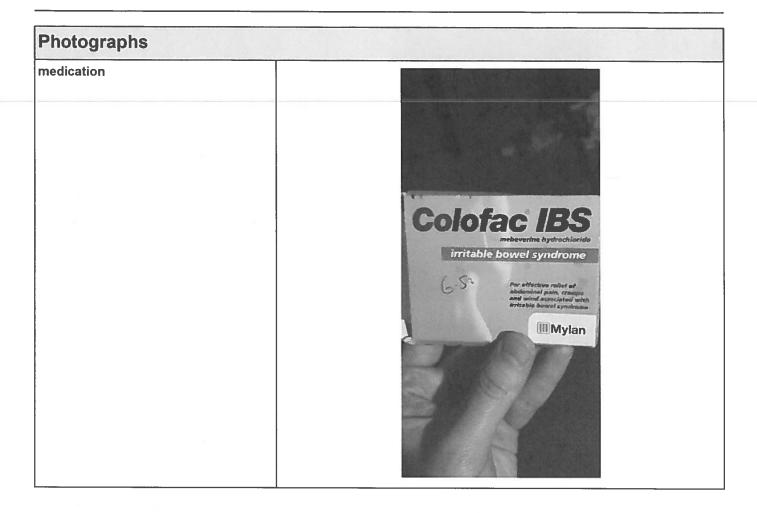


Offer of Voluntary Departure				
Details				
Type of work	Visit			
Visit reference				7,
Created by				
ProntolD				
Subject CID Person ID				
Subject name		210	-	
Subject DOB				
Subject nationality				
Subject gender	Male			
Time	19:23			
Created at geolocation	Easting	458536		
	Northing	222375		
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:23	:39		
Offer				
Voluntary departure offered	Yes			
Voluntary departure offer accepted	No			
Notes	Doesn't want to re	eturn		



Freetext		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
Address	Jaflong Restaurant, 51 Market Square, Oxford, Oxfordshire, OX26 6AJ (Visit Address)	
Subject CID Person ID		
Subject name		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality		
Subject gender	Male	
Time	19:25	
Created at geolocation	No geolocation available	
Creation date	11-10-2019 19:26:52	
Entry		
Title		
Text	2 tablets per day, 3 days worth in packeyb	

OFFICIAL SENSITIVE Visit Report: Enforcement 11/10/2019



Departure			
Officer			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
Date/Time	11-10-2019 19:35:44		
Geolocation	Easting	448079	
	Northing	208693	
Visit reference			***

Page	86
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MG11T

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WITNESS STATEMENT				
Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1980, s.5B				
URN				
Statement of: Immigration Officer				
Age if under 18: Over 18 (if over 18 insert 'over 18') Occupation: Immigration Officer				
This statement (consisting of 2 page(s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.				
Signature: (witness) Date: 15/11/2019				
-Tick if witness evidence is visually recorded (supply witness details on rear)				
I am the above named officer. I am currently employed as an Immigration Officer in the Home				
Office at Immigration Enforcement On 11/10/2019 I was Officer in Charge (OIC)				
on an Immigration enforcement visit to JAFLONG 51 MARKET SQUARE BICESTER OX26 6AJ				
There was no named targets of the enforcement visit.				
Upon arrival to the premises officers attempted to park at the rear to remain covert - however a				
male left the kitchen area and saw officers preparing to conduct the visit. One male ran, and was				
caught by IO . I saw another male who I believe was				
male born who I later encountered in the premises.				
I entered the premises by the front door at 18:35 hours, I showed my warrant and introduced myself.				
I explained the reason for the visit to a male I now know to be male born				
who identified himself as the son of the owner who was recovering from a health issue.				
I explained that we had entered under Section 179 of the Licensing Act 2003 and introduced the				
Licensing Officer accompanying the team				
Whilst I was speaking to lobserved IO enter the premises by the front door with				
a male that had tried to evade officers.				
I then conducted a health and safety sweep of the premises and identified bedrooms upstairs and				
fire hazards. On the first floor I located a male sitting in the dark. He was wearing a shirt and				
pyjama bottoms – a waiter uniform was found on a table nearby. I conducted checks and he was				
identified as who has an outstanding claim with the Home Office. He				
denied working and could not explain why he was seated in the dark.				
Officers identified 5 males in total who were of interest to the Home Office, two were detained and 3				
were instructed they had no permission to work.				
I conducted a walk through of the premises and accommodation above with the Licensing Officer				
Signature: Witnessed by:				
Withessett by.				

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MG11T

and we established food hygiene issues, fire risk issues and brickwork issues in the cellar where bricks had been removed from the cellar walls. agreed to contact Public Protection relating to the food health issues and it was decided that due to building safety issues to include no working fire alarms in the bedrooms, blocked fire doors and issues with the cellar walls the Fire Service was called to conduct further enquiries. The Fire Service agreed to attend on the evening of 11/10/2019 after officers had left. I would like to provide Exhibit A - NIR EV11-27,554 JAFLONG 21 MARKET SQUARE BICESTER OX26 6AJ which is the debrief of the visit, and Exhibit B - EV11-27,554 JAFLONG ICE Right to Work which is the visit record. Officers left the premises at 19.30 hours with the Licensing Officer and two arrested subjects. .

WITNESS STATEMENT					
Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27.2: Criminal Justice Act 1967, s.9: Magistrates' Court Act 1980, s.5B					
URN					
Statement of:					
Age if under 18: OVER 18(if over 18 insert 'over 18') Occupation: IMMIGRATION OFFICER					
This statement (consisting of 1 page(s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it, anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.					
Signature: Date 21/11/2019					
Tick if witness evidence is visually recorded (supply witness details on rear)					
My Name is and I am Immigration Officer I am part of the ENFORCEMENT TEAM and have held this position for approximately 18 months. My office location is					
On FRIDAY 11 TH OCTOBER 2019, I was part of an immigration enforcement visit to JAFFLONG RESTAURANT, 51 MARKET SQUARE, OXFORD, OX26 6AJ. The officer is charge of this visit was IO The purpose of this visit was to respond to allegations that illegal working was taking place on this commercial premises. It was alleged that multiple members of staff were foreign nationals, who did not hold the correct work permissions. My role was as an arrest officer.					
At 18:36 hours, I arrived at the premises in an Immigration Enforcement branded van alongside other team members. As the van slowed, I observed a male walk out the premises and approach the van. He then quickly turned, went back into the premises and moments later ran back out and down the road. I pursued on foot as I considered this to be an adverse reaction to Immigration Enforcement presence and apprehended this male, effecting an arrest under Section 17(1) of the Immigration Act 1979, as amended. I believed him to a person who may be subject to immigration control, based on his reaction. I escorted this person back to the premises and spoke with him further.					
I now know this person to be was wearing a pale blue shirt with no tie, black trousers and black shoes. He wore attire that was in keeping with other members of waiting staff.					
Checks conducted on our systems showed that was known to the Home Office and had an open application under consideration. Whilst his case was ongoing, he was compliant with his reporting restrictions however was not permitted to undertake work at that time. Stated to me that he was not working and was only there for one night to help out his friend took me upstairs to the living accommodation to show me a Home Office letter, which confirmed the above checks. I reminded that he was not permitted to undertake work whilst awaiting a decision on his case and escorted him from the premises.					
I then moved to the kitchen area at the back of the premises, to assist officers as a number of individuals had been encountered.					
Signature:Signature witnessed by:					

2010/11(1) UKBA

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RESTRICTED (when complete)	MG11 (M)	
	<u></u>	
In this kitchen, I spoke with a person who I now know to be a mational was wearing dirty chef whites and black trousers. Checks conducted to me that entered the United Kingdom in 2007, concealed in the rear of a lorry. Checks conducted showed to previous record of and no indication that he had applied for, nor been granted, any permission residing and working in the United Kingdom. I arrested under Section 17(1) of the Immigrates as amended.	he had last here was no ions to be	71,
I asked questions regarding his employment. He stated that he worked as a kitchen porter, day alongside accommodation and meals. further stated that his employer was aware that hunlawfully present in the United Kingdom.	being paid £ ne was	10 a
I referred this arrest to the Chief Immigration Officer on duty, CIO who authorised the RED.0001 Removal Notice to I escorted to an Immigration Enforcement vehicle a to a custody suite.		ed .

2010/11(1) UKBA



Not Disclosable

witness contact details						
Home address:		Postcode:				
Home telephone No:	. Work telephone No:					
Mobile/Pager No:	E-mail address:					
Preferred means of contact (specify details):						
Best time of contact (specify details):						
Male / Female Date and place of b	oirth:					
Former name: Ethnicity Code (16	+ 1)	Religion / Belief (Specify				
DATES OF WITNESS NON-AVAILABILITY:						
Witness care a) Is the witness willing to attend court? Yes b) What can be done to ensure attendance?	_	. ,				
Does the witness require a Special Measures Assessment as a vulnerable or intimidated witness? (youth under 18; witness with mental disorder, learning or physical disability; or witness in fear of giving evidence or witness is the complainant in a sexual offence case) Yes No If 'Yes' submit MG2 with file in anticipated not guilty, contested or indictable only cases. Does the witness have any particular needs? Yes No If 'Yes' what are they? (Disability, healthcare, childcare, transport, language difficulties, visually impaired, restricted mobility or other concerns?)						
Witness Consent (for witness completion)						
a) The Victim Personal Statement scheme (victims only)	has been explained to me:	Yes No No				
b) I have been given the Victim Personal Statement leaf	let	Yes No No				
c) I have been given the leaflet "Giving a witness staten happens next?	nent to UKBA – what	Yes No No				
d) I consent to UKBA having access to my medical recomatter (obtained in accordance with local practice)	rd(s) in relation to this	Yes No No				
e) I consent to my medical record in relation to this matt defence:	er being disclosed to the	Yes No N/A				
f) I consent to the statement being disclosed for the pur if applicable, e.g. child care proceedings, CICA	poses of civil proceedings	Yes No No N/A				
Signature of witness:	PRINT NAME:					
Signature of parent/guardian/appropriate adult: Address and telephone number if different from above						

This tear off section to be completed and handed to the witness

UKBA – Contact Details						
The officer dealing with your case/taking this	statement is:					
Officer:	Rank & Number:					
Office:						
Telephone:						
Contact E-Mail:						
Reference No:						
The officer dealing with your case can help b	ut may not always be available.					

Giving a witness statement to UKBA- what happens next?

Thank you for coming forward. We value your help and we will do everything we can to help you.

The criminal justice system cannot work without witnesses. They are the most important element in bringing offenders to justice. Now you have made a statement, you may be asked to give evidence in court.

Is there anything else I can do?

Yes. It is important to tell UKBA:

- if you have left anything out of your statement or if it is incorrect
- if your address or phone number changes (trials collapse every day because witnesses cannot be contacted in time)
- dates when you may not be able to go to court. Please contact the
 officer dealing with your case to update this information as soon as it
 changes. It is needed when the trial date is set.

Will the suspect (the defendant) or the defence lawyer be given my address?

No, your address is recorded on the reverse of your witness statement and the defendant or their solicitor only receives a copy of the front. Also, witnesses are not usually asked to give their address out loud in court. The defendant or their solicitor is normally told the names of any witnesses.

What will happen to my statement?

If a suspect is charged over this incident, your statement and all the other evidence will be passed to the Crown Prosecution Service (CPS). CPS is responsible for prosecuting people who have been charged with a criminal offence in England and Wales. Although they work closely together, UKBA, the police and CPS are separate organisations.

Who will read my statement?

Everyone involved with the case will read your statement (e.g. UKBA,, the police, CPS, defence and the magistrate or judge).

What if someone tries to intimidate me?

It is a criminal offence to intimidate (frighten) a witness or anyone else helping the UKBA in an investigation. If you are harassed or threatened in any way before, during or after the trial, you should tell the police immediately and inform the UKBA officer dealing with your case.

Will I be told what is happening in the case?

UKBA and CPS are improving procedures to keep victims and witnesses up to date with what is happening but it is not always possible to do this in every case. Remember, you can contact UKBA at any time if you have questions or concerns.

You will be contacted if you are needed to go to court (but it may be some time after you gave your statement, as cases take time to prepare).

Victims of crime are usually told:

- if a suspect is charged
- · about bail and what happens at court
- · if the case does not proceed for any reason.

Witnesses who are not victims of the crime may not be contacted again if:

- the suspect admits the offence and is cautioned or pleads guilty at court
- there is not enough evidence to prosecute the suspect
- · no suspect is identified

Will I have to go to court?

You will only have to go to court if the defendant either:

- · denies the charge and pleads 'not quilty' or
- pleads guilty but denies an important part of the offence which might affect the type of sentence they receive.

If you are asked to go to court, the prosecution and defence lawyers will ask you questions about your evidence. You will be able to read your statement to refresh your memory first. If you have given a statement and are then asked to go to court to give evidence, you must do so.

You will be sent

- a letter telling you when and where to go
- an explanatory leaflet.

What will happen if I don't go to court?

If you have any problems or concerns about going to court, you must inform the officer dealing with your case as soon as possible. If you have to go to court but there is reason to believe that you will not go voluntarily, the court may issue a witness summons against you. If you still fail to attend without good reason you may be found 'in contempt of court' and arrested.

Where will the case be heard?

Most cases are heard in the magistrates' court. More serious crimes are heard in the crown court before a jury.

Who can help?

Every court has a free and confidential Witness Service and you can contact them before the trial. Their trained volunteers offer:

- · information on what happens in court
- · emotional support and someone to talk to in confidence
- someone to to be with you in court when you give evidence
- a visit to the court before the trial, including where possible, a look around a court room so you know what to expect.

The officer dealing with your case will be able to provide you with contact details.

The Witness Service does not discuss evidence or give legal advice.

Extra Help is available to support vulnerable or intimidated witnesses. If the CPS lawyer thinks that a witness qualifies for this help, known as 'Special Measures', he/she will ask the court for permission to use them. The Witness Service, police or UKBA will tell you what is available and the police or CPS will be able to discuss your needs.

Victim Support and Witness Service

The Victim Support scheme operates from a number of locations across the UK, and their volunteers are specially trained to provide free and confidential information, support and advice.

All victim and witnesses will be offered support from Victim Support's Witness Service, which is **independent**, confidential and free. This support will include someone to talk to, a quiet place in which to wait and a chance to see the court before the day of the trial. Although the Witness Service volunteers will explain the court process to you, they cannot discuss the specific details of the case.

Victim Support Helpline 0845 30 30 900

The Witness Charter

UKBA is not a signatory of the Witness Charter but adheres to the spirit of charter which sets out the standards of service that witnesses can expect to receive at every stage of the Criminal Justice process from:

- UKBA, if you are a witness to a crime or incident
- Other Criminal Justice agencies and lawyers, if you are asked to give evidence for the prosecution or defence in a criminal court

The standards apply to all witnesses, regardless of whether you are also the victim. If you are a victim of a crime, you have rights that are set out in the Code of Practice for Victims of Crime.

Unlike the Victims Code of Practice, the Witness Charter is not set out in law, and there may be constraints which affect the ability of the Criminal Justice agencies to provide the service to all witnesses in all cases.

Being kept updated on progress during the investigation:

After you have given a statement, if the offence is of a **very serious nature** and UKBA have told you that you are likely to be called to give evidence in court, UKBA will seek to update you:

- at least once a month on the progress of the case until the point of closure of the investigation or
- at the point at which someone is charged, summoned, or dealt with out of court.

Being kept updated on progress after charge:

If you are a prosecution witness to any offence, UKBA will seek to inform you:

- · when the defendant has been charged
- whether the defendant has been released on bail to attend court, or help in custody until the first court appearance
- · what relevant bail conditions apply.

Further information about being a witness can be downloaded from the Crown Prosecution Service website at www.cps.gov.uk/victims-witnesses

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RESTRICTED (when complete)

Approved for UKBA use - December 2011

WITNESS STATEMENT Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1980, s.5B **URN** Statement of: Immigration Officer Age if under 18: Over 18 (if over 18 insert 'over 18') Occupation: Immigration Officer This statement (consisting of 2 page(s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true. Signature: (witness) Date: 15/11/2019 -Tick if witness evidence is visually recorded (supply witness details on rear) I am the above named officer. I am currently employed as an Immigration Officer in the Home Office at Immigration Enforcement . On 11/10/2019 I was dressed in full uniform whilst an Immigration enforcement was conducted to visit to JAFLONG, 51 MARKET SQUARE, BICESTER, OX26 6AJ. Upon arrival to the premises I took up rear cover to the restaurant with IO ______. Upon approach of the Home Office vehicle I believe a member of staff saw the vehicle and fled from the front of the restaurant. He was apprehended and arrested by IO _____, the male was then brought back to the restaurant. I entered the premises with IO under Section 179, Licensing Act 2003 and immediately swept the premises. Several males were located in the kitchen area. I spoke with one male using a Interpreter on Big Word, he stated his name was born an anational of . Home Office systems showed had overstayed his period of leave in the UK after his visit visa expired on 07/02/2013. He was subsequently arrested by myself under Sch 2, 17(1) as a person liable for immigration detention. has no right to work in the UK, therefore I conducted an illegal working question and answer: How long have you been working here? 6 months. What days/ hours do you work each week? 6 days per week, 9 hours per day gets Mondays off How much to you get paid? £120 per week on Sunday cash in hand. Who is the boss?

Signature:

Shokor Ali

Witnessed by:

2010/11

RESTRICTE Page 95 omplete)

RESTRICTED (when complete) Approved for UKBA use – December 2011

Who pays you the cash?
Shokor Ali in cash
What is your job role/ what are your duties?
Chef
Who tells you what days/ hours to work?
The manager who ever is on duty
How are you paid (money, accommodation, food)?
I get food and accommodation for free with the job.
Did you show documents before being offered the job? If so, what?
Passport copy but nothing else.

Signature:

Witnessed by:

2010/11

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Approved for UKBA use - December 2011

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Signature:

Witnessed by:





Not Disclosable

M	litness contact details					
Н	ome address:	Postcode:				
Н	ome telephone No:	Work telephone N	lo:			
-N	lobile:	E-mail address:				
Р	referred means of contac	ot (specify details):				
В	est time to contact (specif	y details):				
G	ender:	Date and place	of birth:			
F	ormer name:	Ethnicity Code (16 + 1):				
D	ATES OF WITNESS NO	N-AVAILABILITY:				
V	Vitness care					
а) Is the witness willing t	o attend court?	If 'No', include reason(s) on t	form MG6.		
b) What can be done to	ensure attendance?				
C		nental disorder, learning or ph exual offence case) If '`	ssessment as a vulnerable or hysical disability; or witness in fea Yes' submit MG2 with file in a	ar of giving e	vidence or	
d		e any particular needs? nuage difficulties, visually impa	If 'Yes' what are they? (Disaired, restricted mobility or other			dcare,
Wit	ness Consent (for witn	ess completion)				
a)	The Victim Personal Sta	tement scheme (victims only) has been explained to me	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
b)	I have been given the V	ictim Personal Statement I	eaflet	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
c)	I have been given the le	aflet "Giving a witness stat	tement to the police"	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
d)		ng access to my medical re in accordance with local pi		Yes 🗌	No 🗌	N/A 🗌
e)	I consent to my medical to the defence	record in relation to this m	natter being disclosed	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	N/A 🗌
f)		ent being disclosed for the e, e.g. child care proceeding		Yes 🗌	No 🗌	N/A 🗌
Sig	nature of witness:		PRINT NAME:			•••••
Sig	nature of parent/guardia	n/appropriate adult:	PRINT NA	ME:		
Add	dress and telephone num	ber (of parent etc.), if diffe	erent from above:			





Not Disclosable

This tear off section to be completed and handed to the witness UKBA – Contact Details The officer dealing with your case/taking this statement is: Officer: Rank & Number: Office: Telephone: Contact E-Mail: Reference No: The officer dealing with your case can help but may not always be available.

Giving a witness statement to UKBA- what happens next?



Not Disclosable

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Not Disclosable

Victim Support Helpline

0845 30 30 900

The Witness Charter

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- UKBA, if you are a witness to a crime or incident
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Being kept updated on progress during the investigation:

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Being kept updated on progress after charge:

If you are a prosecution witness to any offence, UKBA will seek to inform you:

- · when the defendant has been charged
- whether the defendant has been released on bail to attend court, or help in custody until the first court appearance
- what relevant bail conditions apply.

Further information about being a witness can be downloaded from the Crown Prosecution Service website at www.cps.gov.uk/victims witnesses





<u>Cherwell District Council Responsible Authority representation with regards</u> to the licence review of:

Jaflong Restaurant, 51 Market Square, Bicester, OX26 6AJ

I am Christine Pegler, Lead Licensing Enforcement Officer, employed by Cherwell District Council within the Environmental Health and Licensing Directorate.

As part of my role I am responsible for the Licensing of premises, and have delegated powers, under the Licensing Act 2003.

For the purpose of this licensing review I am representing Cherwell District Council as a responsible Authority, acting independently to other Cherwell District Council Licensing Officers facilitating this licensing review.

The following details outline Cherwell District Council responsible Authority representations with regard to Jaflong Restaurant, Market Square, Bicester:

- On 24/11/2005 the premises licence for Jaflong, Bicester was converted and issued by Cherwell District Council under the Licensing Act 2003. The licence was issued to the licence holder Mr Shakur Ali of Oxford, and the designated premises supervisor for the restaurant was Mr Dillwar Ali, of the same address in Oxford. The licence permitted the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises. This licence has not been altered since it was first issued in 2005. A copy of the premises licence is attached to this representation as Appendix a.
- On 11/10/2019 at 18.40 hours I attended the restaurant with Home Office Border Agency Officers. The Border Agency Officers checked all persons living and working at the premises, while I inspected the premises.

During my inspection I made notes in my pocket note book and took photographs which are attached to this representation as **Appendix b.**

Whilst there I spoke to the member of staff who appeared to be in charge at the time, his name was Mr Dill Ali. Mr Ali advised me that there was no one upstairs, however on inspection of the second floor I found a male in a sat in a corner of a dark room. This male was wearing pyjamas, and there was clothing resembling the waiter's uniform on a side near the male.

On further inspection of the premises I noted that there was:

8 beds on the upper floors of the building.

Potential overcrowding, fire and health and safety risks.

- Fire exits had been blocked with goods, and a handle of a fire door/exit had been removed.
- An infestation of pigeons in the alley next to the kitchen, and dried pigeon faeces in that alley and covering the kitchen window.

Potential environmental health issues with the storage of both raw and cooked foods.

 Internal alterations to building, specifically a hole had been made in exterior wall in the cellar of the restaurant, and the there appeared to be access to another cellar through that hole.

As a result of my findings and having safety concerns for both residents and customers of the restaurant, the details of my inspection was reported to Oxfordshire Fire service, and Cherwell District Council Environmental Health, Housing, and Planning departments.



- The Border Agency detained and removed two males who were seen to be working at the
 premises and noted three other males at the premises who did not have the right to work in
 the UK. A copy of the Border Agency de-brief notes, dated 14/10/2019, is attached to this
 representation as Appendix c.
- Following the premises inspection, on the 24/10/2019 I wrote to the licence holder. This letter
 outlined my findings and reminded the restaurant of their obligation to uphold and promote
 the licensing objectives. A copy of the letter is attached to this representation as **Appendix**d.
- On 06/11/2019 I received an email from Michelle Frame of the Border Agency. This email outlined the details of a civil penalty fine for £20,000 issued to Jaflong Restaurant. A copy of this email is attached to this representation as **Appendix e**.

In making this representation I would like to draw attention to the following Licensing Act guidance:

Home Office Revised Guidance under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

- 1.19 While licence conditions should not duplicate other statutory provisions, licensing authorities and licensees should be mindful of requirements and responsibilities placed on them by other legislation. Legislation which may be relevant includes:
- The Environmental Protection Act 1990
- The Clean Neighbourhoods and Environmental Act 2005
- The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005
- The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974
- The Equality Act 2010
- The Immigration Act 2016
- Regulators' Code under the Legislative and Regulatory Reform Act 2006
- 2.6 The prevention of crime includes the prevention of immigration crime including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. Licensing authorities should work with Home Office Immigration Enforcement, as well as the police, in respect of these matters. Licence conditions that are considered appropriate for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises might include requiring a premises licence holder to undertake right to work checks on all staff employed at the licensed premises or Page | 2



requiring that a copy of any document checked as part of a right to work check are retained at the licensed premises.

- 2.7 Licence holders have a responsibility to ensure the safety of those using their premises, as a part of their duties under the 2003 Act. This concerns the safety of people using the relevant premises rather than public health which is addressed in other legislation.
- 2.8 A number of matters should be considered in relation to public safety. These may include Fire safety.
- 11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These include the use of the licensed premises for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK
- 11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime.

Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered.

Case Law Hanif v East Linday 14/04/2016

Licensees who employ illegal workers can have their premises licences revoked, as a recent judgement in the High Court has made clear.

Abu Hanif, trading as Zara's restaurant and takeaway in East Lindsey, Lincolnshire, was found to be employing an illegal worker and after the police required a review of his premises licence, the local authority, East Lindsey District Council, revoked the licence.

His appeal, heard by District Judge Veits, was based on the argument that, since Mr Hanif had not been prosecuted for employing an illegal worker under section 21 Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006, but had merely been given a civil penalty under section 15 of that legislation, it did not cause concern about crime prevention, one of the key licensing issues.

The appeal established that Mr Hanif had employed the illegal worker without paperwork showing a right to work in the UK, he had paid him cash in hand, he paid him less than the minimum wage, he did not keep or maintain PAYE records and that, while he had deducted tax from the worker's salary, he failed to account to the HMRC for it.

His appeal was allowed but the local authority then took the matter to the High Court, arguing that there could be cause for concern on crime prevention grounds without any crime having been reported, prosecuted or established in a court of law.



In summing up_Mr Justice Jay overturned the decision of the District Judge, saying that where there was evidence of defrauding HMRC, exploitation of vulnerable workers and a failure to pay the minimum wage, then in those circumstances, albeit being dealt with by way of a civil penalty, the crime and disorder licensing objective was clearly engaged. Mr Justice Jay didn't remit the matter back to the authority for a re-hearing but determined on what he had heard that the revocation should stand.

Reflecting the importance of the principle that it is not necessary for a prosecution to be brought in order for the crime prevention objective to be engaged, Mr Justice Jay certified the case as appropriate for citation in future cases under the relevant Practice Direction.

Considering the evidence and information presented it is clear that the licensing objectives have neither been adhered to or promoted by the licensed premises and its licence holder, and as a result they have failed to prevent crime, failed to protect the public and children from harm, and failed to ensure public safety.

In line with the Licensing Act guidance, and case law, the licensing Authority would urge the committee to revoke the licence attached to Jaflong Restaurant, of 51 Market Square, Bicester.

Chris Pegler
Lead Licensing Enforcement Officer
Cherwell District Council
Boddcote House
Banbury
Oxon
OX15 4AA

19/02/2020



LICENSING ACT 2003 PREMISES LICENCE





PART A - Part 1

Jaflong Restaurant 51 Market Square Bicester OX26 6AJ	Licence Ref: Date Granted: Valid from: Valid to:	PRM0176 24/11/2005 Not Time Limited
	Issue date:	24/11/2005
	Tel No.:	

Premises Licence Holder	Shakur Ali	
	8 Maltfield Road	
	Oxford	
	OX3 9RG	

Licensable Activities - Alcohol Sales

Activity	Days of Week	Open	Close
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Mon to Thur except Xmas Day & NYE	10:00	00:00
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Fridays except Xmas Day, Good Fri or NYE	10:00	00:00
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Saturdays except Xmas Day or N Y Eve	10:00	00:00
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Sundays except Xmas Day or N Y Eve	12:00	23:30
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Good Friday	12:00	23:30
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	New Years Eve except on a Sunday	10:00	00:00
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	New Years Eve on a Sunday	12:00	23:30
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Christmas Day	12:00	23:30

Licensable Activities - Other

Activity	Days of Week	Open	Close

Further Details

Sale of Alcohol and Recorded Music N\A

Non Standard Times

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Sale of Alcohol and Recorded Music N\A

Seasonal Variations

Sale of Alcohol and Recorded Music New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on the following day (or, if there are no permitted hours on the following day, midnight on 31st December)

Opening Hours

Days of Week	Open	Close
At the Discretion of the Licensee		-

Non Standard Times

N/A

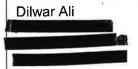
Seasonal Variations

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on the following day (or, if there are no permitted hours on the following day, midnight on 31st December)

PART A - Part 2

Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number

Name of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol



Personal licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

Licence Number: 06/0042/PER

Licensing Authority: Oxford City Council

C R Baynes Head of Corporate Services 24 November 2005

Annex 1 - Mandatory conditions

Mandatory Conditions

All Premises Licence authorising supply of alcohol

The licence is granted subject to the Mandatory conditions for sale of alcohol as set out in the Licensing Act 2003 as amended by the Licensing Act 2003 (Mandatory Licensing Conditions) Order 2010 and Order 2014.

- 1. No supply of alcohol may be made under the Premises Licence -
- (a) At a time when there is no Designated Premises Supervisor in respect of the Premises Licence; or
- (b) At a time when the Designated Premises Supervisor does not hold a Personal Licence or his Personal Licence is suspended.
- 2. Every supply of alcohol under the Premises Licence must be made, or authorised by a person who holds a Personal Licence.
- 3. (1) The responsible person must ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.
- (2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises.
- a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to -
- (i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or
- (ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);
- b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular

characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective:

- c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;
- d) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner.
- e) dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).
- 4. The responsible person must ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.
- 5. (1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.
- (2) The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licences must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.

- The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either:a holographic mark or an ultraviolet feature. (b) The responsible person shall ensure that -6. where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures beer or cider: 1-2 pint; (i) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and (ii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml; and (iii) these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to (b) customers on the premises; and (c) where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available. Minimum Drinks Pricing A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price. For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 1 -"duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act
 - (a) 1979
 - "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula P = D + (DxV)(b) Where -

(i)P is the permitted price

- (ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and
- (iii)V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;
- "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence -
- The holder of the premises licence (i)
- The designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or (ii)
- The personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence; (iii)
- "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and

"value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act (e) 1994.

Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from the paragraph) 3. not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph round and to the mearest penny.

- 4. (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax.
- (2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

If the Premises Licence allows Exhibition of Films

- 1. Where a premises licence authorises the exhibition of films, the licence must include a condition requiring the admission of children to the exhibition of any film to be restricted in accordance with this section.
- 2. Where the film classification body is specified in the licence, unless subsection (3)(b) applies, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation by that body.

3.Where

- (a) The film classification body is not specified in the licence, or
- (b) The relevant licensing authority has notified the holder of the licence that this subsection applies to the film in question,

admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by that licensing authority.

4. In this section "children" means any person aged under 18; and

"film classification body" means the person or persons designated as the authority under Section 4 of the Video Recordings Act 1984(c39) (authority to determine suitability of video works for classification).

If the Premises Licence has conditions in respect of Door Supervision except theatres, cinemas, bingo halls and casinos

- 1. Where a premises licence includes a condition that at specified times one or more individuals must be at the premises to carry out a security activity, each such individual must:
- (a) be authorised to carry out that activity by a licence granted under the Private Security Industry Act 2001; or
- (b) be entitled to carry out that activity by virtue of section 4 of the Act.
- 2. But nothing in subsection (1) requires such a condition to be imposed:
- (a) in respect of premises within paragraph 8(3)(a) of Schedule 2 to the Private Security Industry Act 2001 (c12) (premises with premises licences authorising plays or films); or
- (b) in respect of premises in relation to:
- (i) any occasion mentioned in paragraph 8(3)(b) or (c) of that Schedule (premises being used exclusively by club with club premises certificate, under a temporary event notice authorising plays or films or under a gaming licence), or

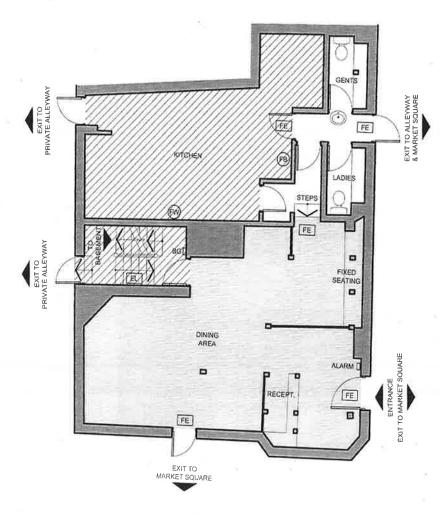
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- (ii) any occasion within paragraph 8(3)(d) of that Schedule (occasions prescribed by regulations under that Act.
- 3. For the purposes of this section:
- (a) "security activity" means an activity to which paragraph 2(1)(a) of that Schedule applies, and, which is licensable conduct for the purposes of that Act, (see Section 3(2) of that Act) and
- (b) paragraph 8(5) of that Schedule (interpretation of references to an occasion) applies as it applies in relation to paragraph 8 of that Schedule.

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authority	
Conditions Required by Committee	
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Annex 4 - Plans



AREA USED FOR THE CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL

PRIVATE STAFF AREA

FE ILLUMINATED FIRE EXIT SIGN

EL EMERGENCY LIGHTING

(FB) FIRE BLANKET

(FC) FIRE EXTINGUISHER - CARBON DIOXIDE

(FP) FIRE EXTINGUISHER - DRY POWDER

(FW) FIRE EXTINGUISHER - WATER

(FF) FIRE EXTINGUISHER - WATER

(FF) FIRE EXTINGUISHER - FOAM

[] BG BREAK GLASS

REV DATE DESCR	IPTION
PROJECT	
JAFLONG TAND 48-51 MARKET	OORI RESTAURANT SQUARE, BICESTER, OXON
DRAWING TITLE	
GROUND FLO	OOR PLAN
COLLE	
SCALE .	DATE
1:100 @ A4	30/07/2005
New	5/40
SA05- 300	

PREMISES LICENCE





PART B

	Licence Ref:	PRM0176
Jaflong Restaurant 51 Market Square	Date Granted:	24/11/2005
Bicester	Valid to:	Not Time Limited
OX26 6AJ	Issue date:	24/11/2005
	Tel No.:	

Premises Licence Holder

Shakur Ali
8 Maltfield Road
Oxford
OX3 9RG

Licensable Activities - Alcohol Sales

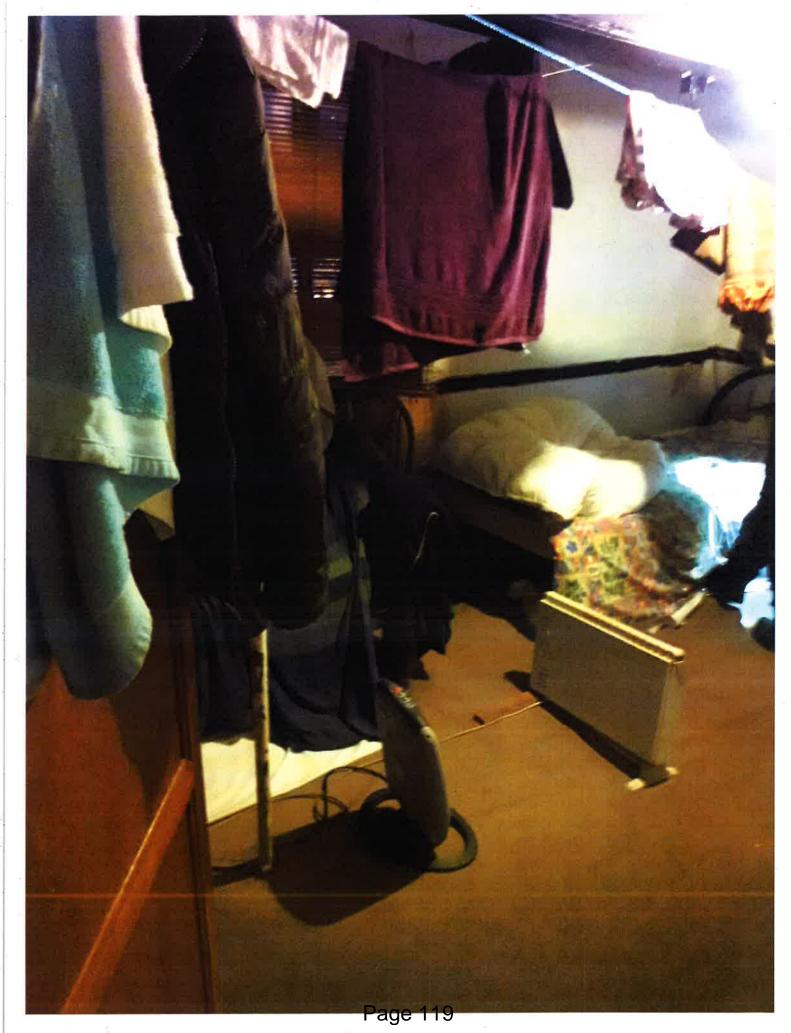
Activity	Days of Week	Open	Close
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Mon to Thur except Xmas Day & NYE	10:00	00:00
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Fridays except Xmas Day, Good Fri or NYE	10:00	00:00
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Saturdays except Xmas Day or N Y Eve	10:00	00:00
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Sundays except Xmas Day or N Y Eve	12:00	23:30
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Good Friday	12:00	23:30
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	New Years Eve except on a Sunday	10:00	00:00
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	New Years Eve on a Sunday	12:00	23:30
Sale of Alcohol Alcohol is supplied for consumption on the Premises	Christmas Day	12:00	23:30

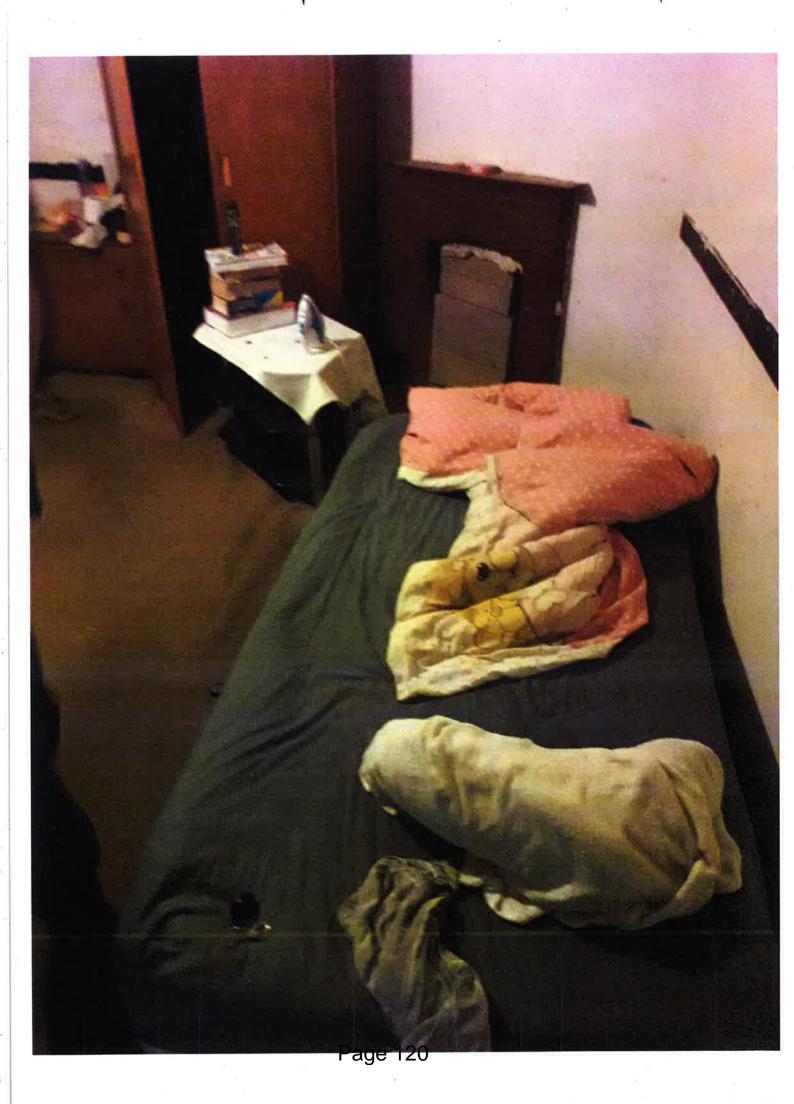
Licensable Activities - Other

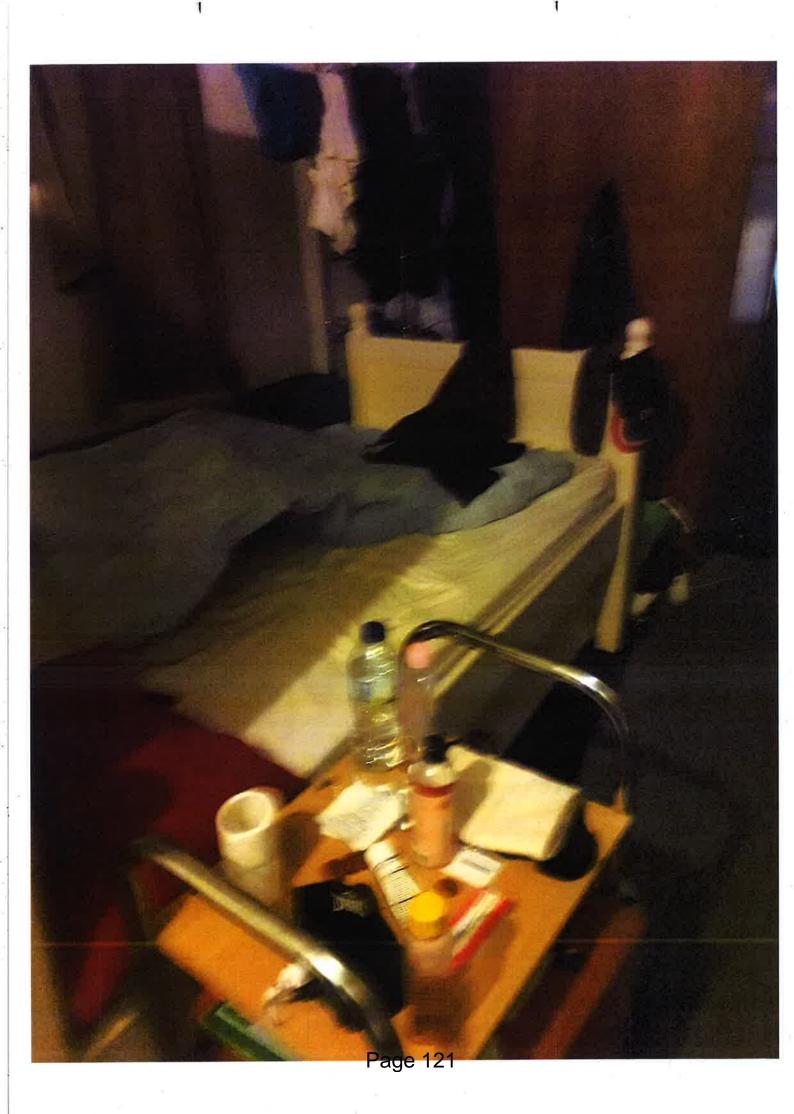
Activity	Days of Week	Open	Close	
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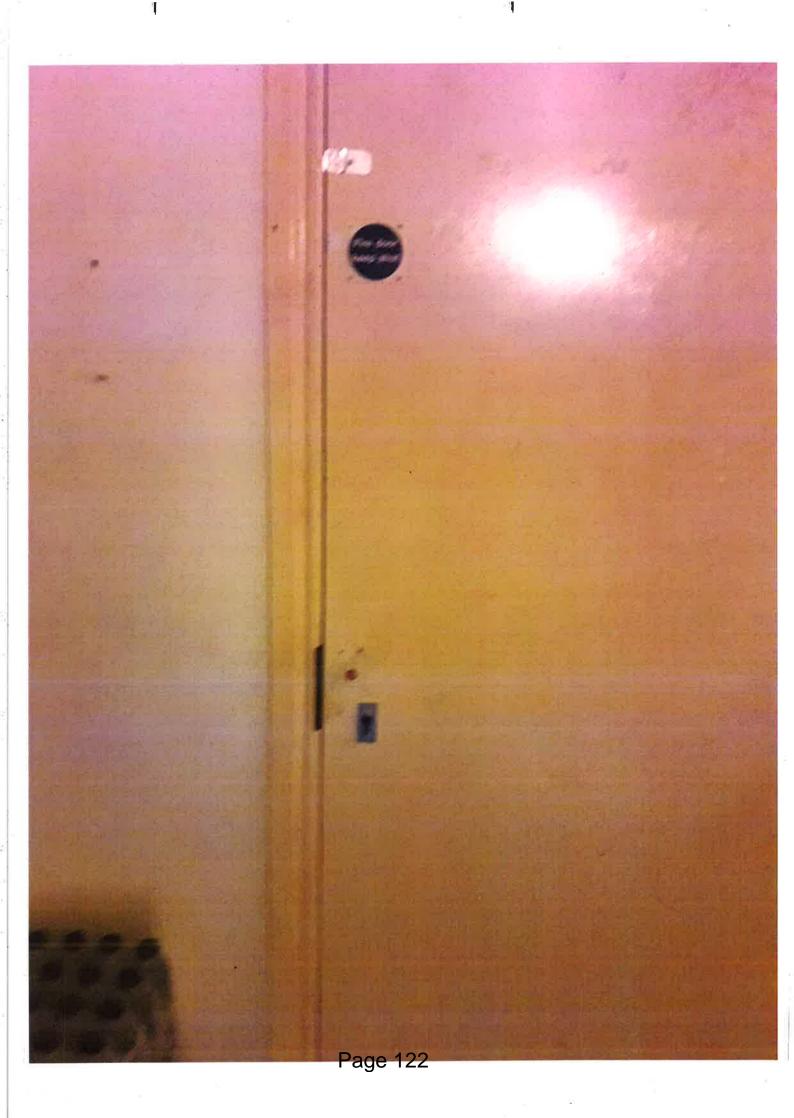
Sale of Alcohol and Recorded Music N\A		
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Non Standard Times		
Sale of Alcohol and Recorded Music N\A		
Seasonal Variations		
Sale of Alcohol and Recorded Music New Years Eve from the end of pe he start of permitted hours on the following day (or, if there are no permitted on 31st December)		
Opening Hours		
Days of Week	Open	Close
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C R Baynes Head of Corporate Services 24 November 2005



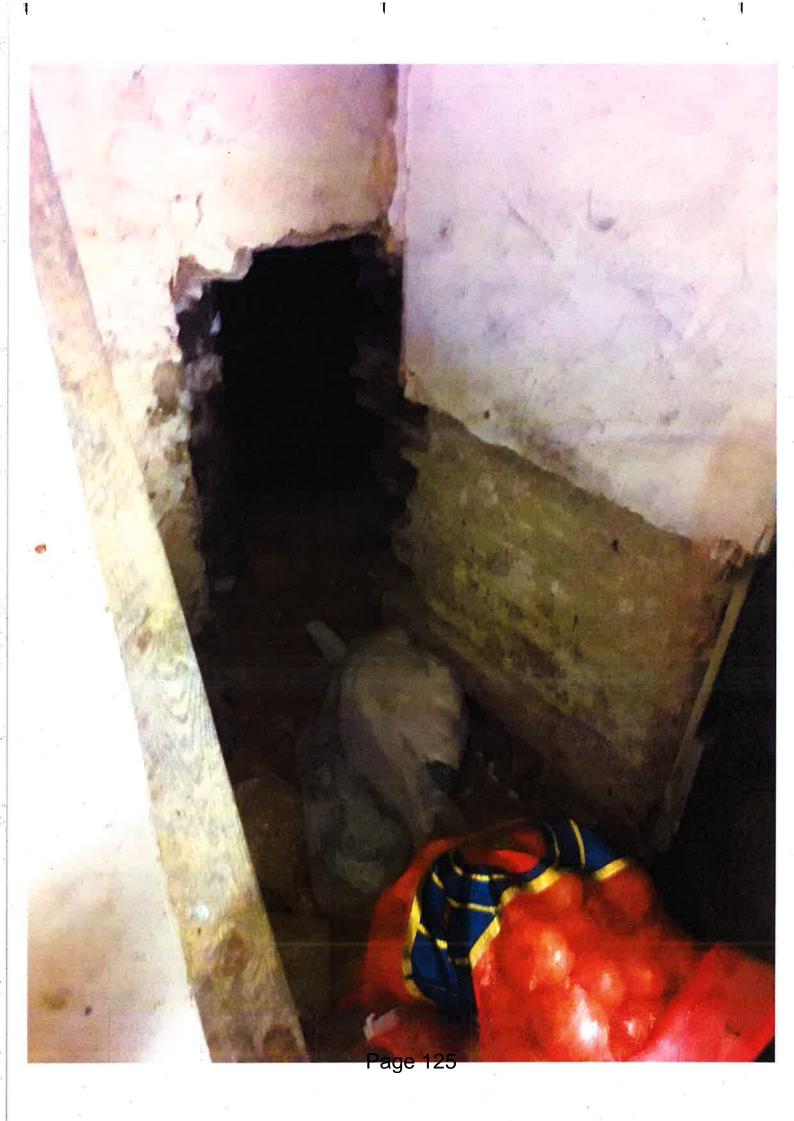








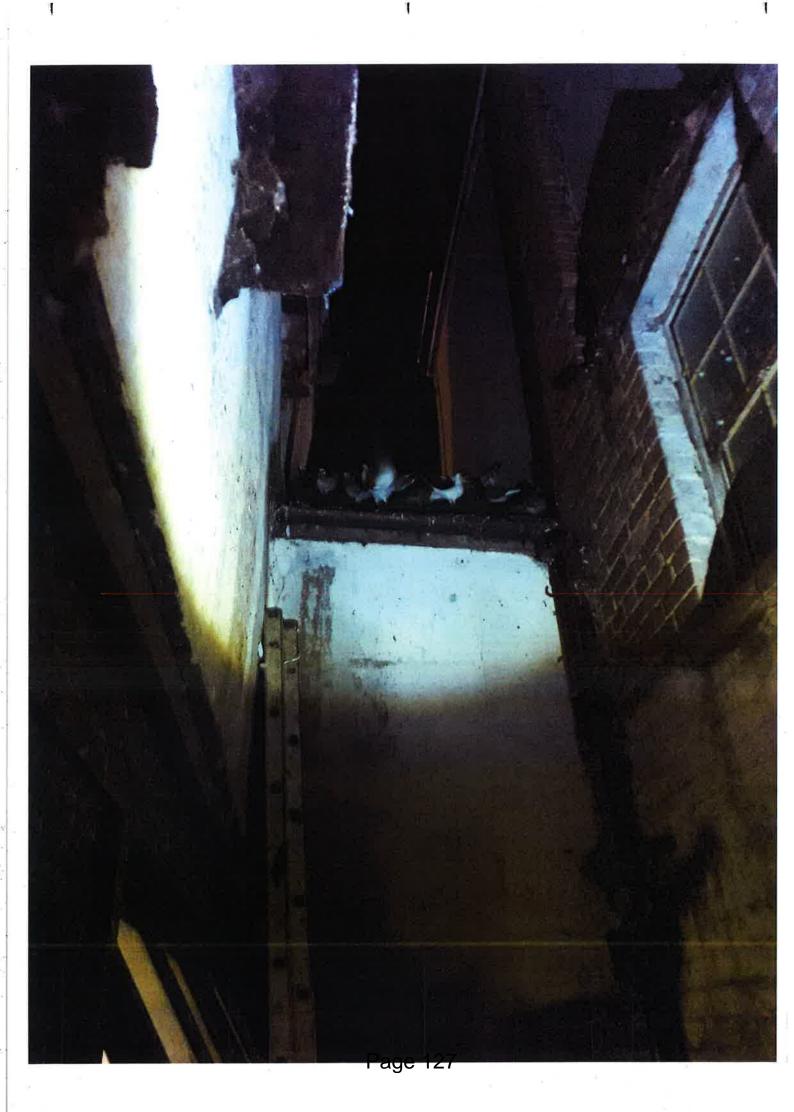


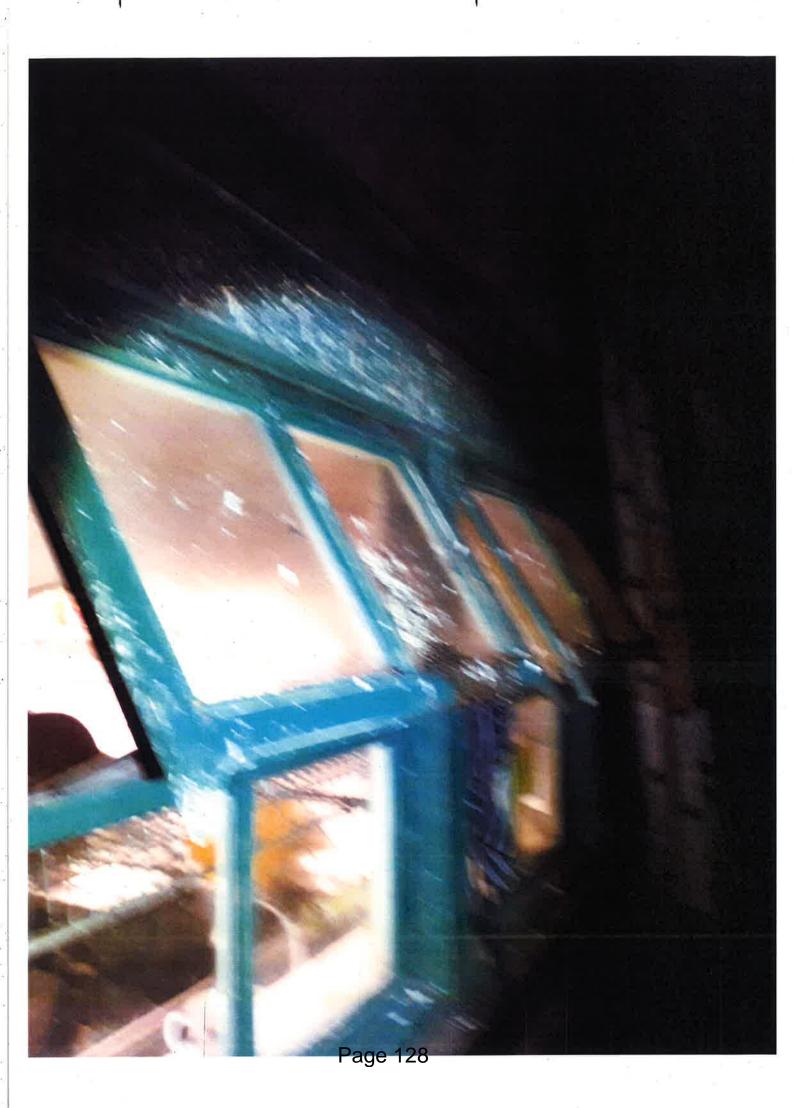




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File (1	PRONT Ref: ENTRY: S179 OF THE LICENSING	ACT 2002	
At .	 ENTRY: \$179 OF THE LICENSING Address: JAFLONG 521 MARKET 		
		Officers from the West Midlands ICE 1	Feam and Licensing Officer Chris
		ess as information received that there v	
-	present.		N.
		he vans at the rear of the premises a v	vaiter appeared and saw officers
	and then disappeared into the		and another male
		IINUL ISLAM) who was caught by IO ST	
		aking to the person in charge (the son	
		warrant ID card and explained the rea	
	7. There were 7 members of staff		
	8. DILL ALI	cleared, son of owner (own	ner had just had a
		premises until his father was well end	
	9. SUMON ALI,	, Cleared	26
	10. MOHAMMED MOYAN,		, attempted to evade officers.
		v he has outstanding submissions and	is currently abiding by his
	reporting restrictions so not su	table for detention. Instructed he is n	ot to work and escorted from the
		rd has been updated with the visit info	
	11. MD SUHINUL ISLAM,		, he has an outstanding
		is reporting restrictions so not suitable	for detention. His Home Office
	records have been updated wit		N 12
	12. MD RIAZ UDDIN SAKER,		ppearance was similar to the
	male waiter originally seen who	en officers parked the vehicle. He was	encountered sitting in the dark in
		vearing pajama bottoms, a Ralph Laure	
		e table nearby. As officers did not see	
		ot put on the CPCT referral. Checks sho	
	claim and therefore no	suitable for detention. His Home Offi	ce record has been updated with
	the visit information.		
	13. ROFU ALI,	– He is an O	verstayer and has been detained
		itation and removal from the UK. He is	s currently held at
	Immigration Removal Centre		
	14. JEWEL MIAH,		t stated he entered the UK hidder
		rrested and detained for Emergency T	ravel Documentation and remova
		eld at h Immigration Re	
	15. The premises was in bad condi	tion and there were 8 bed spaces foun	d upstairs over the 1st and 2nd
	floors. The Fire Doors had had	the handles removed and there were	no obvious working smoke alarms

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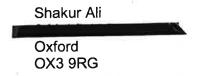
In the cellar the walls had been knocked through and it appeared they had also gone through the neighboring property walls also. There was food stored on the floor in the cellar around the rubble. Also the back door in the kitchen area opened out into a small courtyard which was filled with pigeons, mess and feathers, no protection to stop them entering into the kitchen area and definitely a health risk. The carpets need replacing as offices boots had stuck to them.

- 16. The Fire Service was called to attend to ensure the premises was safe to remain open. At the time of this report I am awaiting the Fire Service update.
- 17. All officers left at 19.30 hours.

Actions: Update pronto, de-brief to Thames Valley Police IO Michelle FRAME 7565 14/10/2019

Environmental Health and Licensing





Bodicote House
Bodicote
Banbury
Oxfordshire
OX15 4AA
www.cherwell.gov.uk

Please ask for:

Licensing

Direct Dial:

01295 753744

Email:

licensing@cherwell-dc.gov.uk

Our Ref:

PRM0176

24 October 2019

Dear Mr Ali

Licensing Act 2003 – Premises Licence PRM0176 - Jaflong at 51 Market Square Bicester OX26 6AJ

Following my attendance at the above listed premises, with UK Boarder Agency Officers on 11/10/2019, you licensed premises was found to have people allegedly working at the premises, when those persons had no right to work in the UK.

The Boarder Agency removed 3 males from the premises, and they were detained under UK Immigration laws. One male, who had not been seen working, was escorted away from the premises.

Officers noted that away from the dinning areas, the premises appeared to be in a poor state of repair. It had had 8 bed spaces, which appeared to have been recently used. Doors marked as fire door, had door handles removed, the fire exit route from the kitchens was blocked. There appeared to be an infestation of pigeons alongside the kitchens, and the cellar had a whole knocked out of the partitioning wall into what appeared to be a neighbouring property.

As a premises licence holder, you are expected to promote and uphold the licensing objectives:

- the prevention of Crime and Disorder;
- Public Safety;
- the Prevention Public Nuisance; and
- the protection of Children from Harm.

Section 182 guidance under the Licensing Act 2003 states the following:

4.22 Civil penalties received after 6 April 2017 for immigration matters are treated in the same way as relevant offences. Licensing authorities are required to notify the Secretary of State for the Home Department (through Home Office Immigration Enforcement) when an applicant declares that they have been issued with an immigration penalty or convicted of an immigration offence or a foreign offence comparable to an immigration offence. The Home Office may object to an application on grounds that granting the personal licence would be prejudicial to the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. Civil penalties for

Cont.



immigration matters were added to the Licensing Act with effect from 6 April 2017, and penalties received before that date cannot be taken into account in respect of grant, revocation or suspension of a personal licence.

- 11.21 For example, licensing authorities should be alive to the possibility that the removal and replacement of the designated premises supervisor may be sufficient to remedy a problem where the cause of the identified problem directly relates to poor management decisions made by that individual.
- 11.22 Equally, it may emerge that poor management is a direct reflection of poor company practice or policy and the mere removal of the designated premises supervisor may be an inadequate response to the problems presented. Indeed, where subsequent review hearings are generated by representations, it should be rare merely to remove a succession of designated premises supervisors as this would be a clear indication of deeper problems that impact upon the licensing objectives.
- 11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are:
 - As the base for the organisation of criminal activity, particularly by gangs;
- for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;

Following this enforcement action from the Boarder Agency, you may be issued with a fine, or face a prosecution.

Such enforcement action by the Boarder Agency may have a direct impact on your ability to retain any type of licence under the said Act.

Therefor I would advise that you take remedial action immediately, and any remedial action is recorded as evidence that you are complying with the licensing objectives, and conditions of your licence.

Yours sincerely

Chris Pegler

Lead Licensing Enforcement Officer





Chris Pegler

From:

Frame Michelle

Sent:

06 November 2019 12:31

To:

Chris Pool

Subject:

FW: EV11-27,554 Penalty; all workers (section 15)

ΑII

FYI the Jaflong got £20k fine from our visit.

Chris – did you get any feedback from the Fire Service? They have not got back to me.

Michelle Frame
Immigration Officer 7565
West Midlands ICE
Immigration Compliance and Enforcement Teams
North, Midlands and Wales
Immigration Enforcement
Home Office

www.gov.uk/home-office

From:

Sent: 06 November 2019 12:27

To: Mo

(West Midlands Immigration Compliance & Enforcement

Subject: EV11-27,554 Penalty; all workers (section 15)

Civil Penalty Case Feedback Employers Scheme

Penalty; all workers (section 15)

EV/Tasking Reference:

EV11-27,554

CPCT Reference:

318949

Thank you for your referral to the following premises:

Jaflong Restaurant, 51 Market Square, Bicester, OX26 6AJ

On:

11/10/2019

Referring officer/OIC:

Michelle Frame

Employer Name Jaflong Restaurant Ltd

We have considered your referral and have some feedback to highlight

A decision has been made to issue a civil penalty of £20,000 in relation to two workers with no right to work or to undertake the work in question. The decision was made on the information provided within the referral.

Areas of strength:	Areas for improvement:
All the relevant questions were asked to both workers in order to establish a breach in s15.	

Should you require or wish to add any further information please do not hesitate to contact the CPCT Official Correspondence team on:

CPCTCommunication&CorrespondenceInbox@homeoffice.gov.uk

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